

# LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

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Vol. V.

July, October, 1912.

Nos. 2-3

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## AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF LAW LIBRARIES

### OFFICERS FOR 1912-1913

President, Franklin O. Poole, Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

1st Vice president, Frederick W. Schenk, Law Library, University of Chicago.

2nd Vice president, Mrs. M. C. Klingelsmith, Law Library, University of Pennsylvania.

Secretary, Miss G. E. Woodard, Law Library, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.

Treasurer, E. Lee Whitney, Vermont State Library, Montpelier.

Executive Committee:

President, *ex officio*.

1st vice president, *ex officio*.

2nd vice president, *ex officio*.

Secretary *ex officio*.

Treasurer, *ex officio*.

G. S. Godard, Retiring President, Connecticut State Library, Hartford.

E. O. S. Scholefield, British Columbia Legislative Library, Victoria.

O. J. Field, Department of Justice, Washington.

E. J. Lien, Minnesota State Library, St. Paul.

### MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL MEETING.

JUNE 26—JULY 2, 1912, AT OTTAWA CANADA.

*FIRST SESSION*—June 27, 1912, 2:30 P. M., at the Chateau Laurier.

The meeting was called to order by President Godard, forty-four being present.

The President introduced Mr. H. H. Bligh, K. C., Librarian of the Supreme Court of the Dominion, who very felicitously welcomed the Association to Canada and expressed the hope that the sessions would be profitable and that the stay in Ottawa would be enjoyed. He invited the members of the Association to visit his library.

President Godard then addressed the Association as follows:

*Members of the American Association of Law Libraries and Friends:*

That we are all glad to be here amid these beautiful surroundings in the

Capitol City of the Dominion, where every provision has been made for our comfort and entertainment, goes without saying. We are all certainly glad to be here for it is good for us,—yes, and may I not also add that our presence here will prove to be to the advantage and welfare of those interests at our several homes which have made it possible for us to come here.

There was a time, however, and that, too, within the memory of most of us, when the mere thought of such a gathering as this session of the American Library Association and its affiliated organizations would have branded the thinker as a hopeless dreamer. It was not many years ago when each librarian was all alone in the world. His thought, his life, his work was centered in and bounded by the walls of his own library. His problems were met and so far as possible solved by himself unaided and alone. The necessary result was that no two libraries had very much in common. Each library was a separate entity with a pronounced personality which had to be studied before it could be understood, and then almost certain to be found wanting.

How different are library conditions today! The librarian, the judge, the attorney, the doctor, the minister, the business man, the teacher, the father, the mother, or the child, whether they come from Maine or California, Canada or South America, or the countries of Europe, may go into any one of our modern public or professional libraries and not only feel at home but may expect to find what they are seeking, and that too without delay.

Why all this sudden transformation, this quiet but effective revolution in the library world?

When librarian began to meet librarian through the organization of the American Library Association at Philadelphia in 1876, the clouds and fogs of separation which had so long held our scattered libraries and their custodians within their folds, began to break and disappear, and the light began to shine.

It was at these early meetings of the American Library Association that librarian began to meet librarian and each came to realize what each probably already knew; viz., that they were all engaged in a common work and there was no reason why they should not have the benefit of uniform arrangements, uniform methods, supplies, training, etc. In fact, there was no reason why a few, working along standard lines, might not and should not do the work for a large number of libraries.

How well all these results have been obtained, it is not necessary for me to repeat. May we not,—ought we not,—however, to here express our thanks to those through whose efforts we younger ones are now able to enjoy the fruits of their labors, not only in the form of printed cards of uniform size, and the many other parts of our work which have been standardized, but also for that helpful, healthful library spirit which now so permeates our age.

But we the members of the American Association of Law Libraries meet here today not only as members of the American Library Association but also as a sort of granddaughter to the American Library Association for only a glance at the combined program of the meetings to be held at this

time is necessary to show how many special interests have found it very much to their interest to form separate but affiliated organizations which should deal directly and solely with those topics which are of special interest to its members. As the State Librarians Section of the American Library Association, formed at St. Louis in 1890, was superseded by the National Association of State Libraries, organized at Washington in 1898, our Association organized at Narragansett Pier, R. I., in 1906, has undertaken to discuss those topics which are of especial interest to law librarians.

While the attendance at our several conventions has of necessity been more or less broken, the spirit, aims and enthusiasm of our association remain intact.

National conventions are here to stay. They are necessary to the proper understanding and development of any line of work which extends throughout the length and breadth of our land and where the perfection of the entire work depends upon the efficiency and faithfulness of each individual official connected therewith.

Having had an interesting and timely program prepared for us, and being surrounded by all the comforts and hospitalities which are being extended to us by our Canadian brothers in this their Capitol City, I can see no reason why this meeting, which is the first our Association had held outside of the United States, should not be our best.

Let us all take part in the several discussions freely, in order that we may all be able to return to our several posts of duty refreshed, encouraged, enlightened, and really feeling that it has been good for us to have been here.

The report of the Treasurer was read by the Secretary, as follows:  
*To the American Association of Law Libraries:*

Your treasurer respectfully reports the following receipts and expenditures; on August 24th I received a statement from Mr. F. O. Poole, former treasurer of the Association, and a list of received bills which total \$943.71. These receipts are expenditures made by Mr. Poole on behalf of the Association since the balancing of his books on May 5, 1911.

For the period from Aug. 26, 1911, to June 24, 1912, the following receipts and expenditures were made: It might be well to state here that your Treasurer was elected at the annual meeting of the Association held at Pasadena in May 1911, but the financial affairs were not turned over to him until the above date.

#### RECEIPTS

F. O. Poole, to balance account .....	\$ 88.58
Subscriptions for Index .....	666.50
Dues .....	316.00
Advertising .....	263.75
Overpayment of dues .....	.26
Overpayment of subscriptions .....	4.00
	<hr/>
	\$1,335.09

## EXPENDITURES

Treasurer, printing & supplies .....	\$ 37.87
G. G. Glasier, express .....	3.96
H. L. Butler, typewriting for 1911 .....	11.35

## THE INDEX

Composition, printing and binding No. 2 & No. 4 and storage on back numbers as per bills .....	447.45
Salary of Karl Ed. Steinmetz as Mgr. Editor as per agreement with Executive Committee .....	400.00
Salary of Frederick W. Schenk as per agreement with the Executive Committee .....	80.00
Printing the report of the Committee on Sessions ....	1.75
Wrapping and shipping No. 2 of the Index .....	10.41
Wrapping and shipping No. 4 of the Index .....	12.52
Supplies furnished the Editor of the Index, and express	19.05
Return of overpayment of dues .....	.25
Refund of subscriptions .....	4.00
	1,028.61

Balance in First Nat'l Bank, Montpelier, Vt. \$ 306.48

Your Treasurer wishes to express at this time his appreciation of the many favors of the different officers of the Association.

Respectfully Submitted,  
E. Lee Whitney,  
Treasurer.

The Secretary reported that aside from arranging the program of the annual meeting, taking up details with reference to the election of new members, and other routine matters, the Executive Committee had been obliged to meet the situation arising from the much regretted resignation of Mr. Gilson G. Glasier, as editor of the Index, after the publication of the first number of volume 4. It was finally decided to engage Mr. Karl Ed. Steinmetz as editor of the balance of volume 4 at a slight increase in compensation over the amount he received for indexing. The negotiations consumed so much time that after the publication of No. 2 of volume 4 it was decided to omit the third number, and to proceed forthwith with the preparation of the annual number, which was to contain all index material of the year, including that which would have appeared in the third number.

At the meeting of the Committee in Cleveland, December 29-30, there was received from Mr. Schenk a proposition for doing the indexing and editing of volume 5 of the Index which was so favorable to the Association that the committee decided to accept it. Arrangements were effected which the Committee believed would place the work on a firm basis.

Members were urged to do their best to secure new subscribers.

On motion by Mr. Small, the President was directed to appoint an Auditing Committee, a Nominating Committee, and a Committee on Resolu-

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tions, of three members each, which committees were directed to report at a later session during the convention.

The President appointed the following Committees:

### AUDITING COMMITTEE

Mrs. M. C. Klingelsmith  
Miss Frances D. Lyon  
Harold L. Butler

### NOMINATING COMMITTEE

A. J. Small  
E. A. Feazel  
C. J. Babbitt

### COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS

E. M. Borchard  
F. B. Crossley  
F. O. Poole

Dr. G. E. Wire, Chairman, reported on behalf of the Committee on Reprinting Session Laws as follows:

"This Committee can only report progress, as it was not deemed advisable to do any work this past year in the line of interesting legislators. It is hoped this next and coming season will be more propitious, and we therefore ask that the committee be continued."

Mr. George N. Cheney for the committee on list of law libraries and librarians made a brief report of progress as follows:

"The tentative list of law libraries was nearly completed about a year ago and without expense to the Association. It showed 588 libraries in the United States and 103 in Canada. It remained to send a circular letter to each library with request for correct data as to name of librarian, address, and number of volumes, etc.

"The executive committee made an appropriation to cover this expense; and circulars, with self-addressed return postal cards enclosed, were sent out. Replies have been received from 348 American libraries, and from 50 Canadian.

"It seems that a follow-up letter will be necessary because such a large number have yet to be heard from, and the tentative list is not in itself reliable.

"The list was intended to be broadly inclusive so as to include state, college, association, bar and court libraries. It was also decided to include even the smallest law libraries because there already was in existence a sufficiently full list of libraries having 10,000 volumes and upwards. The committee cannot hope that they have fully succeeded in reaching all of the smaller libraries."

Mr. O. J. Field on behalf of the Committee on Latin-American laws reported as follows:

*To the American Association of Law Libraries:*

At the Pasadena meeting last year, your committee on securing informa-

tion concerning the laws of the Latin-American countries, submitted quite an extended report, with lists of the most important law publications of several of the Latin-American countries.

Although letters were written to about thirty of the various legal societies and universities of the Latin-American countries, but comparatively few of them responded, and it is regretted that but one additional reply has been received during the past year.

The letter referred to is from one of the legal societies in Rio de Janeiro stating that the National Press of that city has for sale the public laws of Brazil. Also that there is a collection of laws which can be purchased of Alves, Garnier & Briguiet, booksellers of the same city.

It is hoped, however, that additional information may be obtained, possibly during the coming year, through the efforts of Mr. Layton Register of the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, who is spending two years abroad to study legal conditions in Latin-European and Latin-American countries. Mr. Register called on the chairman of the committee last summer, prior to starting on his trip, and there was explained to him the information the Association desired to obtain concerning the laws of the Latin-American countries. Mr. Register seems desirous of co-operating with us in every way possible, and upon his return valuable information, obtained at first hand, may be looked for.

Mr. Poole, Temporary Chairman of the Committee to confer with the Library of Congress on shelf classification for the law department, reported that a series of questions had been propounded by the Library of Congress a copy of which had been sent to each member of the Committee, and that replies thereto had been received from Mr. Hewitt and Mr. Babbitt, which replies had been transmitted to the Library of Congress. No further action was taken by the Committee pending further word from the Library of Congress, which library since that time has seemed to be fully occupied with other matters.

Mr. A. J. Small, Chairman of the Committee on Legal Bibliography, reported as follows:

Your committee would respectfully report that we are in possession of the manuscript copy of the bibliography or hand-list of the reports and publications of bar and legal associations in the United States, Canada, and England, prepared by Mr. Francis Rawle, of Philadelphia. This is a work much needed by librarians and is the result of several years of painstaking labor on the part of Mr. Rawle. It has been given to the Association gratis, with the partial understanding that it should be published and made available.

We recommend its publication and that action be taken at this meeting and instructions be given to the incoming committee on legal bibliography, to take such steps as may be necessary in carrying into effect the purport of this recommendation.

During the past year three important legal bibliographical works have been published, namely, a "Catalogue of the Laws of Foreign Countries in the State Library of Massachusetts, 1911," and a "Hand-list of American

Statute Law," containing a check-list and bibliography of the statute laws of the United States and its possessions and of the several states to May, 1912; also a list of the constitutional conventions, journals and debates. Both of these volumes were published by the Massachusetts State Library.

The third is a "Guide to the Law and Legal Literature of Germany, 1912," by Edwin M. Borchard, Law Librarian of the Library of Congress. These are excellent publications and will be of great service to the librarians of the country.

We, as an Association, should commend Mr. Belden, State Librarian of Massachusetts, and Mr. Putnam, Librarian of Congress, for these helpful reference books. We should encourage the preparation and publication of works of this character. Therefore, we, your committee, recommend that letters of appreciation be conveyed to Mr. Belden and Mr. Putnam.

Each year your committee has suggested needed reference books and, we are happy to say, several of these have been prepared and published. This year, the thought has come to us that we should consider and urge the publication of a complete check-list of all legal periodicals, giving date of issue, series, number of volumes, size, and place of publication. So far as known there is no complete check-list of this kind published.

Your committee believes that such a work would be a valuable contribution to the list of legal bibliographies, and we further believe that arrangements can be made with some librarian to prepare and publish it. We earnestly urge its consideration.

Cooperation on the part of the librarians in this respect will mean much toward improving and supplying the much needed reference books and working tools of law libraries.

On motion of Mr. H. L. Butler, it was voted to accept the reports of the special committees so far received, and to continue all the Committees, subject to such change in personnel as might seem necessary to the incoming president, and further, that all committees be directed to report at the next annual meeting.

Mr. John B. Kaiser, Librarian of the Department of Economics and Sociology of the University of Illinois, read a paper\* on library school training for employees of law libraries. This was followed by an animated discussion.

On motion, it was voted to adjourn, to meet again on June 28th, at 9:30 A. M.

#### SECOND SESSION, June 28, 1912, at 9:30 A. M. at the Chateau Laurier.

President Godard called the meeting to order and stated that the first matter to be taken up was the consideration of the "Tentative list of subject headings for a law library catalogue" prepared by the Library of Congress.

\*This paper and other papers and reports not included in these minutes will be found elsewhere in this number or in subsequent numbers of the Law Library Journal published as a supplement to the Index to Legal Periodicals.

Mr. Edwin M. Borchard introduced the matter. He stated that the list had been prepared primarily for use of the Library of Congress in its own catalogue and in the work of printing catalogue cards for distribution. It was hoped that the list in its final form would be of help to law libraries throughout the country and to this end criticisms of the tentative list, and suggestions were asked for.

Mr. Borchard then took up the headings in regard to which there might be difference of opinion and explained the decision reached by his library. He pointed out several cases where changes had already been made in the list.

Considerable discussion ensued on various points.

At the suggestion of Mr. Borchard the President was on motion directed to appoint a committee of three to confer with the Library of Congress on the matter of these subject headings.

The President announced the Committee as follows:

George N. Cheney  
Luther E. Hewitt  
J. David Thompson

On motion, the Resolutions Committee was directed to draw up and present at a later session of the convention a resolution of thanks to the Library of Congress for undertaking this work.

The President announced that the Nominating Committee was ready to make its report.

The nominations presented by this Committee were as follows:

President, Franklin O. Poole.  
1st Vice President, Frederick W. Schenk.  
2nd Vice President, Mrs. M. C. Klingelsmith.  
Secretary, Miss G. E. Woodard.  
Treasurer, E. Lee Whitney.  
Executive Committee: E. O. S. Scholefield  
                          O. J. Field  
                          E. J. Lien

On motion, the report was accepted and the President was directed to cast one vote for the candidates mentioned.

The President announced that he had cast the vote and that the above officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year.

On motion, the meeting adjourned until June 30, at 9 P. M.

### THIRD SESSION.

JUNE 30, 1912, AT 9 P. M., AT THE  
CHATEAU LAURIER.

Mr. Butler of the Auditing Committee presented a report as follows:  
"The Auditing Committee beg to report that they have audited the

books of the Treasurer for the year ending June 24, 1912, and find same to be correct.

Respectfully submitted,  
Margaret C. Klingelsmith  
Frances D. Lyon  
Harold L. Butler

"Auditing Committee."

On motion, the report was accepted and the Treasurer's report was approved.

Mr. Poole, on behalf of the Committee on Resolutions, presented the following resolutions and moved their adoption:

"WHEREAS, The American Association of Law Libraries appreciates the splendid service rendered by the Massachusetts State Library in publishing the catalogue called "Hand list of American statute law" which, as a source of bibliographic information, will be of incalculable value to librarians, lawyers and general investigators; therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that the appreciation and thanks of this Association be extended to the Board of Trustees of the State Library of Massachusetts, to Mr. Charles F. D. Belden, State Librarian, and to Mr. Charles J. Babbitt, for their contribution to the literature of the profession of the law librarians, and of the bench and bar whom it serves; and

"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. Belden."

"WHEREAS, The American Association of Law Libraries appreciates the splendid service rendered by the Massachusetts State Library in publishing the catalogue of foreign statute laws, which as a source of bibliographic information will be of incalculable value to libraries, lawyers and general investigators; therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that the appreciation and thanks of this Association be extended to the Board of Trustees of the State Library of Massachusetts, to Mr. Charles F. D. Belden, State Librarian, and to Miss Ellen M. Sawyer, for their contribution to the literature of the profession of law librarians and of the bench and bar whom it serves; and

"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. Belden."

"WHEREAS, Francis Rawle, Esq., has prepared a complete list of bar association reports and proceedings and has presented a copy of the same to this Association for publication; and

"WHEREAS, this Association is deeply impressed with the value of the bibliography as an aid to legal scholarship, and appreciates the confidence expressed by Mr. Rawle in entrusting it to this Association for editing and publishing; therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that the thanks of the Association be extended to Mr. Rawle for his unique labors, and for giving this Association the opportu-

nity of publishing the bibliography, which it is believed will be satisfactorily arranged; and

"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. Rawle."

"WHEREAS, the American Association of Law Libraries appreciates the valuable services rendered by the Library of Congress in undertaking the work of compiling and publishing a list of subject headings for law library catalogues, which will be of great assistance to law librarians and to the legal profession whom they serve; therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that the thanks of this Association be transmitted to the Librarian of Congress, and through him, to those engaged in the work, for their contribution of this valuable guide, which will tend to make uniform law library catalogues, a condition much to be desired. And

"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Librarian of Congress."

"WHEREAS, the American Association of Law Libraries is appreciative of the splendid service to the legal profession and law librarians in this country of the Library of Congress in causing to be prepared and published the Guide to the legal literature of Germany; therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that the thanks of the Association be extended to the Library of Congress for publishing this very valuable Guide, and to Mr. E. M. Borchard for the great thoroughness with which he compiled the work, which will prove of the greatest help to all who have to do with the law of Germany. And

"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Librarian of Congress."

"WHEREAS, the Association is deeply appreciative of the kindness of those who have so ably contributed to the program of this Annual Meeting, and on its behalf, to the programs of the joint sessions, and of those who have done so much toward making the stay of the members in Ottawa pleasant and profitable,—therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that the Secretary convey to all such a suitable expression of thanks and appreciation."

"WHEREAS, there have been taken from us William J. C. Berry, one of the charter members of this Association, and formerly Librarian of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, and Stephen B. Griswold, formerly State Law Librarian of New York, and our only honorary member—therefore

"BE IT RESOLVED, that this Association hereby records its deep appreciation of their life work in building up their respective libraries and in compiling the catalogues which are still of so much value to law librarians."

The above resolutions, being duly seconded, were carried.

Mr. A. J. Small stated that he had received many requests for information regarding the shelf classification of text books in his library, and he moved that the President appoint a committee of three to gather informa-

tion regarding such classifications in the several libraries and prepare the same for publication.

After discussion, the motion, being duly seconded, was carried.

On motion, it was voted to appropriate \$25 for the expenses of the Committee.

The President announced the committee as follows:

Miss Gertrude E. Woodard

G. N. Cheney

E. A. Feazel

The business of the Association having been completed, it was, on motion, voted that the meeting adjourn *sine die*.

#### THE HARVARD LAW LIBRARY AND SOME ACCOUNT OF ITS GROWTH.

By John H. Arnold, Librarian

When asked to prepare a paper to be read at a meeting of the American Association of Law Librarians at Ottawa, it was suggested that perhaps some account of the growth of the Harvard Law Library during nearly a century would be of interest to the members of the Association.

The establishment of the Harvard Law School in 1817 necessitated almost immediately a collection of books for the use of the students. The first Professor in the School was Asahel Stearns appointed May 14, 1817, and inaugurated Nov. 5 of that year. At a meeting of the President and Fellows of Harvard College, Sept. 5, 1817, it was voted that \$500 be expended for purchasing law books by the Treasurer joined to the Professor of Law. It is clear, therefore, that with the beginning of the School in 1817, an appropriation had been made for the purchase of a law library, and during this year, 1817-18, the appropriation of \$500 was expended, together with an additional amount. This, then, was the small beginning out of which has grown a collection exceeding 150,000 volumes.

The first catalogue of the Library was issued in 1826. It contained 763 titles, which described 1752 volumes. Certain titles in the catalogue were starred to show that the books represented by these titles were in the College Library and did not belong to the School. The books in this catalogue which belonged to the Law Library numbered 1326 volumes. The second catalogue was issued in 1834, and was prepared by Charles Sumner who was then Librarian. The Library, at this time, contained over 3500 volumes and included the books of Judge Story's Library which was purchased in 1829. A second edition of the catalogue was issued in 1841, and according to the annual catalogue of Harvard University of that year the Library had about 6100 volumes, and was said to contain most of the valuable works in English and American Law, and in the Civil Law, together with a variety of others by writers of France, Germany and Spain. A fourth edition of the catalogue was published in 1846. The annual catalogue of the University, 1846-7, gives the number of volumes as about 12,000. Of this number more than 3,000 were students' textbooks and should hardly

be counted as a part of the working library of the School. The expenditure for books from 1817 to 1846 was stated by the Treasurer to have been \$32,493.87. The catalogue of 1846 was supplemented by a manuscript catalogue, which contained author titles only, arranged alphabetically. It was not until 1899 that an author title card catalogue was commenced. Early in 1906, it was decided to print an author catalogue covering the books in the English language, and this work was commenced in January 1906. The catalogue was completed and published in June 1909. It consists of two volumes of about 2,500 pages. A subject catalogue of these books has already been prepared, and will probably be published within a year or two. The publication of a catalogue of the books on foreign or Continental law is contemplated, but it is uncertain when it will be finished. From 1846 to 1870 the growth of the Library was very slow, and, outside of students' textbooks, the number of volumes was probably not above 10,000.

In 1842, the Committee appointed to visit the Library reported: "The books imported during the past year with those already in the library now enable the student to verify every citation in Blackstone's Commentaries, and nearly complete the collection of European Law both British and Continental from the earliest period down to the 16th Century, discovering to the student all the sources of modern jurisprudence. Some very valuable additions have also been made in Asiatic Law particularly those in use in the British Indian Empire. The collection of modern codes of Continental Europe is more ample than any other known to exist in this country."

In 1843, Prof. Greenleaf reported: "The recent addition of George Stanton's translation of the Digest of the Laws of China in one volume quarto enables us now to refer to a respectable part of the laws of every civilized nation in the world except Russia, Turkey and Persia."

In 1845, it was said that the Harvard Law Library surpassed every other law library in the United States, and also that no other law library in England or on the Continent was its equal in scope, and Prof. Greenleaf reported in that year as follows: "The Law Library, by comparing its Catalogue with those of foreign libraries so far as we have received them, is found to exceed any other known to us, in extent of its range, and the variety of foreign laws which it comprises, though several others exceed it in numbers of volumes."

The Librarians from 1830 to 1870 were students in the School, appointed because of their high scholarship or other qualities. Many of the men thus appointed achieved national reputation later in life. It was not until 1870 that a permanent Librarian was employed, who was to devote his whole time to the Library. William Abbot Everett was appointed Sept. 30, 1870, and resigned Sept. 29, 1871. Abraham Walter Stevens was appointed Sept. 29, 1871, and resigned Aug. 7, 1872. The present Librarian was appointed Aug. 7, 1872, and has served continuously since that time.

In 1870, Professor Langdell was made Dane Professor of Law and on Sept. 27 of the same year, he was appointed Dean of the Law Faculty. Professor Langdell not only introduced new methods of teaching law, but he inaugurated many other reforms in the conduct of the School. The Li-

brary received his especial attention. In his first report as Dean, he said:

"At the beginning of the year important changes went into effect in regard to the Law Library. Prior to that time it had all been kept together, the books being arranged in alphabetical order, and there being no systematic attempt to provide duplicates of such books as were in constant use. From the opening of Dane Hall in the morning to the closing of it in the evening the entire Library was accessible, without restriction and without supervision, not merely to the members of the School, but to all persons. The Librarian had generally been a member of the School, who occupied a room in Dane Hall, and received a trifling compensation in addition to his room-rent and tuition. It was not any part of his duty to spend any of his time in the Library; still less to exercise any authority or supervision over those who used it. The Janitor had certain duties to perform in reference to the Library; but it was not his business to exercise any authority or supervision over those who used it, nor was he expected to remain in it, except when specific duties required his presence. In fact, as the Librarian and Janitor were situated, it was out of the question for them to exercise constant supervision over the Library, and any partial supervision would have been useless. The result of this system being found very unsatisfactory, it was decided to make three radical changes, namely: First, to require the constant attendance of the Librarian or his Assistant in the Library during all the hours that it was open; second, to render the general library inaccessible except with the Librarian's permission; third, to procure duplicates of all such books as are in constant use, and with these to form a working library, to which every student should have free access. During the summer vacation of 1870 these changes were carried into effect. A permanent Librarian was employed, whose duty it was made to devote his whole time and attention to the interests of the Library."

Dean Langdell in his second report says: "In regard to the Library, the same policy was pursued as in the year 1870-71," and speaks of the improvement in the condition of the Library from the previous year, and says that the new system has now completely vindicated itself, and adds, "I do not hesitate to say that the Library is now in an eminently satisfactory condition. The only drawback, indeed, that I am aware of, is the want of sufficient funds." He continued that "if such a rate of expenditure can be kept up for a very few years, I think the Library bids fair to resume the position which it occupied twenty-five years ago, namely, that of being the finest law library in the United States."

Between Sept. 1870 and Sept. 1872, nearly \$10,000 were expended in the purchase of books and upon binding, and these purchases merely covered the pressing needs of the Library. Beginning with Jan. 1874, special attention was paid to auction sales of law books. Before that, according to Mr. Langdell, "it is not known that a single volume was ever purchased for the Library at auction." From 1874, auction sales of law books have been most carefully followed, and a great many of the sales attended by the Librarian. The catalogues of the second-hand booksellers, both at home and abroad, have been searched for old books that were not to be found in the

Library. The Librarian made trips abroad in 1888, 1892, 1898 and 1908, in pursuit of book rarities. The result of this labor was very fruitful, and the Dean observes that "it can fairly be said that the collection of books on the English Common Law is probably second to none in this country, and possibly to none in the world."

From a work by David Robertson on the Law of Personal Succession, published in Edinburgh in 1836, the following is quoted: "The library of the British Museum and the public law libraries in the metropolis are very defective in regard to the writings of the foreign jurists. Of 91 Continental writers on the subject of the conflict of laws quoted or referred to by the American jurists, Livermore and Story, a large proportion is not to be found in these libraries." It seems probable that the collections of Livermore and Story, both of which became part of the Law Library, contained almost if not all of the works referred to. Livermore's collection was given to the Library in 1833, and Story's collection, other than such books as he presented, was purchased in 1829. The collection of civil and foreign law, therefore, was considered a very good one as early as 1835. The collection of civil and foreign law was not greatly increased between 1841 and 1890. From 1890 to the present time, large additions have been made by gift and purchase and it is a fair estimate to say that it numbers upwards of 35,000 volumes.

In the early years the Library had but few benefactors, but the donations, though infrequent, were of great importance. The first appears to have been a gift of money, namely, \$100 by Mr. John Howe in 1818. Between the years 1818 and 1829, many books were given by the Hon. Christopher Gore. The catalogue of 1826 contains the titles of 119 volumes marked as having been presented by him. In 1829, the Hon. Nathan Dane gave 10 copies (90 volumes) of his Abridgment. The next gift of importance was the bequest of the Hon. Samuel Livermore in 1833 of his whole library of foreign law, of more than 300 costly volumes, and appraised in the inventory of his estate at \$6,000. It is described in Quincy's History "as a collection of rare and curious and important learning, probably not exceeded, and perhaps not equaled, by any other collection of the same size in America, if it be in Europe." Between 1835 and 1870, no gifts of importance appear. In 1874, Hon. Benjamin Robbins Curtis gave his fee of \$500 paid for a course of lectures in the Law School, the money to be appropriated for the purchase of books relating to the constitution and Laws of the United States and the Practice of the National Courts. In 1894, Frederick P. Fish, Esq., gave \$300 for the purchase of books for the Library of the School.

Two notable gifts were made in 1903, one from Mr. Edward James Drifton Coxe, the other from Mr. Learned Hand. Mr. Cox gave the Law Library of his father, the late Brinton Coxe, consisting of 3225 volumes and 92 pamphlets. It contained many rare volumes of English, American, Roman and Canon Law. It was the largest and most valuable gift of books ever received by the School. It included a nearly complete set of the decisions of the "Rota Romana," a great distinction to the collection. Mr.

Hand gave 1421 volumes from the library of his father, the late Samuel Hand, Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. Many of the books had belonged at one time to two other eminent lawyers, Esek Cowen and Nicholas Hill.

In 1903, a very important gift was made by Mrs. Horace Gray, the widow of the late Mr. Justice Gray. It consisted of the printed records of cases decided by the Supreme Court of the United States for twenty years preceding, and made 1300 large bound volumes of these rare and valuable records. By the will of the late James M. Barnard, subject to the approval of Mrs. Barnard, the Library received his law books and portraits of lawyers in 1905. An additional gift of \$2,000, for the purchase of books, preferably works on International Law, was made by Mrs. Barnard the same year and during the year 1911-12, a further gift of \$59,000 was received from the estate of Mrs. Barnard the income to be expended. In 1905, Professor James Barr Ames, Dean of the School, gave an important collection of the very early and valuable Pennsylvania laws. At various times he has presented many other books to the Library. In February, 1907, Mrs. Langdell gave 90 volumes of costly English Reports which had been deposited for many years in the Library by the late Professor Langdell.

Besides the above, the Library has been enriched by a great number of smaller donations, which cannot be enumerated here.

In 1882, through the efforts of the late Professor James Bradley Thayer of the Law School, subscriptions were obtained to establish a fund, the income of which should be devoted to the purchase of books for the Law School. The sums subscribed varied from \$5 to \$25,000. The subscriber of the largest amount was Mr. Henry Villard, of New York. The amount of the fund thus created was a little less than \$50,000.

The Harvard Law Library has been in existence almost a century. From 1817 to 1848 its growth was encouraging; from 1848 to 1870 the progress was slow. The Library is now fifteen times as large as it was in 1870.

In an article which I prepared for the Harvard Graduates Magazine in 1907, I mentioned some of the features of the Library in which especial pride is taken, and it seems worth while to repeat what was said then:

1. Completeness of the collections of American, English, Irish and Scotch Reports. There are two copies of all the American State Reports, and in many cases three copies; two complete copies of the Irish, and four or more copies of nearly all the English Reports.
2. An unusually complete collection of English Colonial Reports and Statutes.
3. American Statute Law, almost complete since 1800, and very rich, though incomplete, in the rare and costly revisions and session laws of an earlier period.
4. A collection of Local and Private Acts of Great Britain complete from 1820 to 1906. This collection is believed to be unique so far as this country is concerned.
5. A collection of trials, civil and criminal, remarkable in extent. It in-

cludes a complete set of the Old Bailey Sessions Papers, continued by the Central Criminal Court Papers, covering the period from 1729 to date.

6. A very full collection of legal periodicals.
7. A large collection of civil and foreign law, previously described.
8. A collection of Peerage Cases, purchased in 1892. At that time there was but one collection superior to it in England.
9. The early Year Books, as issued year by year, by famous printers, unsurpassed by any known collection.
10. The quality and number of editions of the standard and famous legal treatises. Among such works may be mentioned Coke's "First Institute," in every English edition, from the first in 1628, to the last in 1832; Blackstone's "Commentaries," in nearly every edition, over 50 in number, including the first; "Complete Clerk," five editions; St. German's "Doctor and Student," 22 editions; "Trials per-Pais," 9 editions; Fearne's "Contingent Remainders," all the editions; Fitzherbert's "New Natura Brevium," 13 editions; Glanville's "Laws of England," 6 editions; Greenleaf's "Evidence," all the editions of each volume; Kent's "Commentaries," all the editions; "Littleton's "Tenures," 34 editions; "Old Natura Brevium," 9 editions; Perkins's "Law Conveyancer," 17 editions; Sheppard's "Touchstone," 7 editions; Story's Works, all the editions of every treatise, except one or two.

Since that time the collection of Local and Private Acts has been enriched by the addition of about 12 thousand Acts going back to the year 1712, making, it is believed, a much fuller collection than any other in this country, and one of the two or three best in existence. A collection of the Bar Association Reports of the various states of the Union and of Canada, with some other annual proceedings of societies in other countries, has been purchased from Francis Rawle, Esq., of Philadelphia. This remarkable collection contains many volumes which it is practically impossible to find at the present time, and it is believed to be the only complete collection of Bar Association Proceedings in existence. Other important acquisitions are: a collection in 477 volumes of the reports of the Supreme Court and the Courts of Appeal of the Argentine Republic; the famous collection of books on International Law owned by the Marquis Olivart, of Madrid, Spain, and estimated at about 12,000 volumes; the annual laws of Brazil complete from the beginning in 1808 to 1908. Single books of great interest might be enumerated, but I will mention only three: *Nova Statuta* of 1496-97, printed by Pynson, an edition of the tract entitled "Diversity of Courts," printed by Pynson in 1526, and the first edition of Fitzherbert's Book of Justices.

I have referred to Professor Greenleaf's opinion of the Library in 1845. It seems appropriate to introduce here the opinion of an eminent authority, Prof. A. V. Dicey, of Oxford University in an article in the *Contemporary Review* of Nov. 1899, on the Teaching of English Law at Harvard:

"The Law School forms a sort of University within the University. Its library constitutes the most perfect collection of the legal records of the English people to be found in any part of the English-speaking world. We possess nothing like it in England. In the library at Harvard you will find

the works of every English and American writer on law; there stand not only all the American reports—and these include, as well as the reports of the Federal courts, reports from every one of the forty-five States of the Union—but also complete collections of our English reports, of our English statutes, and of the reports and statutes of England's colonies and possessions. Neither in London nor in Oxford, neither at the Privy Council nor at the Colonial office, can one find a complete collection, either of American or even, astounding as the fact sounds, of our Colonial reports."

I may add that it is my belief that no library in this country contains so full a collection of the reports and statutes of the Dominion of Canada as ours. It is possible that the Library of Parliament at Ottawa may have a more complete collection.

The Library has had several homes. The first was in what was called Second College House, from 1817 until its removal to Dane Hall, which was built in 1832. This hall was the first building erected for the use of the School and it furnished all the accommodation that the School and Library had from 1832 to 1845. In the latter year it was enlarged, and the addition became the main part of the building, containing the Library on the first floor and the lecture-room on the second floor. In September, 1883, the School and Library were removed from Dane Hall to Austin Hall. When Austin Hall was built, it was expected that it would be ample for both School and Library for the next 50 years. The building was outgrown in less than 15 years, and a new building, Langdell Hall, was erected in 1907.

The Library is now housed in Langdell Hall and in Austin Hall. Each division of the Library contains all the American, English and Irish Reports, as well as all the important English and American Law Treatises. The larger collection of books is in Langdell Hall. Several sets of the more important English and American Reports will be found in each building. The average expenditure for books and binding during the last five years has been about \$18,000.

The law librarian is sure to meet with much discouragement in many of his undertakings. I well recall the following as an example. The Librarian of one of our greatest Law Libraries once told me of his sensations when showing an important member of his corporation, perhaps a trustee, about the library he was suddenly halted before a considerable number of books which he had brought together with much labor, with the question, "Well, what are these?" He was answered that they were session laws which it was hoped would be found useful. "I wouldn't give them shelf-room; I consider them worthless," was the comment. "I felt the cold shivers running down my back," said the Librarian in telling me of this; but the Librarian has lived to see those same session laws a part of a collection which he built up with so much labor as one of the most valuable assets of the Library and in which the greatest pride is now exhibited. Here comes in the compensation after the discouragement.

On my return from a book-buying trip abroad, I had a somewhat similar experience in showing my purchases to one nearly interested in the Library. We came upon a set of the annual session laws of New Zealand from

the very beginning nearly down to 1900. "What did you want of these?" I was asked, and the explanation that it seemed worth while to get the books because the whole civilized world was a good deal interested in the experimental legislation of that colony, and that undoubtedly the books would be asked for and found valuable, did not seem to carry much weight. It is needless to add that that series of session laws was afterward completed and has been kept up to date, forming a part of the very full collection of English Colonial Laws to be found on our shelves, and which we are now very glad to possess.

Some years since, a modest professor in a law school of a prominent university spent a year in the Harvard Law School, and at that time he attended the lectures in one or two courses, but his principal object was to study the literature of the law and to become as familiar as possible with the books in our Library. He was delightfully appreciative of what he found, indeed enthusiastic. One day, with an almost timid manner, he said to me, "The president of our University is in Cambridge and I hope he will visit this Library tomorrow. Will you be good enough to meet him and go with me about the Library, giving him any information he may desire?" Of course I gladly consented. The President came and we entered the stack together. Presently, the Professor, with some animation, said to the President, "Now you know a collection like this is not easily got together," it is a question of time, and a long time, in patiently gathering the books. In fact, the growth is something like the growth of a tree." "Oh no," replied the President, with assurance, "give me a million dollars and I could duplicate this Library in a year." The effect of this on the Librarian was very quieting.

This reminds me of another story which is as follows: President Eliot was once showing about the University a multi-millionaire and his wife, who had the good purpose to endow a great school of learning in the West. Having made the survey, they stood in Memorial Hall, about to say good-by. "Well, Mr. Eliot," said the wife, "How much money have you invested?" Mr. Eliot stated to her the estimated value of the assets. The lady, turning to her husband, exclaimed, with a touch of the feeling that money will buy everything, "Oh husband, we can do better than that." Said Mr. Eliot, with a wave of the hand toward the ancient portraits on the wall, "Madam, we have one thing which money cannot buy, nearly three centuries of devotedness."

It seems to me that the President most happily expressed the great value of long-continued devotion and a steadfast purpose, in contrast with the power of money. The growth of our Library is due quite as much to the devotion of Dean Langdell, with his great knowledge of legal literature, and of his successor, Dean Ames, as to any other cause. Without such devotion and careful discrimination as these men were able to give, much more money could have been spent and far less accomplished. Of course, much money has been necessary and great results cannot be obtained without it, but in the early years of Dean Langdell's administration our funds were limited and we had to exercise extreme care in the choice of the books we

were able to purchase. I can well remember in those years what delight the Dean took in showing in his annual reports to the President and Fellows of the College how much had been done in enriching the Library and at what small cost. One opportunity which we had in the early days is now almost wholly cut off from law libraries. In that time there were many large private law libraries and, when the owners died, most of these found their way into the auction room. Oftentimes there would be almost a score of such sales in a single year. It was not the habit then for Law Libraries to buy to any great extent other than the current works or last editions. This offered an excellent opportunity to such buyers as wished to get all the editions or as many as possible of important English treatises, and of such continental law books, few in number, as came into these sales.

I have sometimes thought that the construction of the house which is to contain a law library involves something of the same forethought and planning as the up-building of the collection it is to contain. In preparing for the building, it is usual to consider carefully the requirements and to have roughly in mind what the architect should be asked to provide for in the plans which he submits for the building. The plans are carefully studied by those familiar with what is wanted, suggestions made, modifications adopted, until finally the plan is accepted. Then the building is started and great care given to the foundation. As the patient and skilled workman lays course after course of brick or stone, as the case may be, it seems not quite unlike the work which the law librarian has to perform as he tries to build up a good collection to fill the house prepared for him. The librarian must have his plans carefully considered, often modified, and, finally, however imperfect, adopted; and then patiently build, day by day, and year by year, with an attempt constantly to make his collection as complete as possible. Unlike, however, the architect and builder, there comes no time when his work is finished or his collection complete. Constant watchfulness and activity will only see a gradual accumulation and something like an approach to a completeness which he can never reach. For forty years I have attempted to give such watchfulness to the collection over which I preside, and my message to my brother librarians in council is that, though often discouraged, I have found the life of a law librarian has many compensations, and the calling which we follow is, in my belief, second to none in usefulness to the institutions and communities which we have the pleasure to serve.

#### STUMBLING BLOCKS AND PITFALLS IN SESSION LAWS.

Charles. J. Babbitt, Ph. B., LL. B.  
State Library of Massachusetts

In undertaking a paper of this kind, upon this subject, before an audience of this character, one feels, to use an old expression, that it is "carrying coals to Newcastle;" but as the title has been suggested, it is perhaps because there is something in the topic which may prove interesting and be of value to the association.

The first effect of labor among session laws, is a fascination kindred to that which incites the egyptologist and the toiler in archaeology. The leaves of an antique book of statutes cannot be turned without pleasurable discoveries of customs, ideas and modes of living which portray the environment of the founders of the nation and picture the principles and impulses upon which the infancy of the country was nourished.

The enthusiasm of revolutionary patriotism is nowhere exemplified more truly than in the preambles and laws of that period. The fortitude, the burdens borne and suffering endured find monuments in the statutes of the day. The tax laws show self-sacrifice for the sake of principle in a supreme degree. It seems at first incredible that small, struggling communities should have borne the public rates which they willingly imposed upon themselves. The current of general laws, however, makes it clear that this consecration was not due to spasmodic excitement nor to convulsions of emotion, but instead was the result in a strong-minded and high-spirited people, of motives naturally springing from the opinions for which their fathers exiled themselves.

It is curious to note the colonists' attachment for the British crown, blending with devotion to principles of political liberty utterly inconsistent with the royal scheme of government as then conducted. The public enactments are replete with expressions of loyalty down to the verge of the Revolution. But when continued friction finally destroyed that affection, the flames of its destruction were the fiercer, being fed upon the faggots of a love which had been rejected. The laws for more than a century show how firmly the two sentiments were knit together, and when the strength that had been ample to sustain both was diverted to one alone, it developed a veritable passion of ardor and endurance.

While colonial legislation was true to consistent colonial convictions, neither our ancestors nor our contemporaries can point to the make-up of the statute books as the basis of a successful claim to the possession of this desirable quality. Consistency wherever else it may be a jewel, is not discoverable in form or substance in the volumes which contain American statute law. This renders the work of arrangement difficult and often exasperating. No sooner is it thought that a method of uniform procedure has been devised than the scheme is shattered by some change in the books, or in the way books are put together. If the attempt be made to follow what is imagined to have been the way of our ancestors, the investigator will often trip, because in no two provinces does the same custom prevail, and in each jurisdiction idiosyncrasies exist which are to be found in no other, for example, in Massachusetts a book published in 1726 will contain laws continuing to 1760. It seems past belief that such should be. The title-page shows that the book was given to the public in 1726 and yet the last law contained therein was not enacted until thirty-four years later. Examination of that and other books, finally discloses that it was the practice to publish a book with blank leaves at the end, which, from time to time, were cut out, and upon the stubs so created were pasted the printed laws of subsequent sessions, the paging being continued with more or less accuracy until the next revision of all statutes took place.

Of course this helter-skelter way of caring for the laws was productive of

many errors, and these errors are fruitful of many difficulties. The fathers appear to have depended upon their official printers for suitable publication, and it strikes the modern inquirer that these men were strangers to any conception of order and system. In illustration the "omitted temporary laws" in Massachusetts may be cited. They are appended to the temporary laws at the back of the book without any hint of their existence on the main title-page, and wholly undiscoverable except upon page-by-page examination. They run from 1736 to 1762, and cover 52 pages. Their arrangement recalls the Biblical saying that "the last shall be first, and the first last." It appears that whoever collected them, did so heedlessly of their order in time, locating them in the volume indifferently as they came to hand. The sessions of 1762 cover the first eight pages and the sessions of 1736 are found in the last ten pages. Between these two extremes is an indescribable confusion of dates, but through it all, the paging flows on as though the chronology were strictly preserved.

*Classification.*

When a systematic cataloguing is attempted, nothing taxes intelligence and strains ingenuity in greater degree, than the effort to attain a correct, consistent and harmonious disposition of legislative enactments. Of course within certain very broad bounds, an analysis may be made, but to devise a plan which will attune at all times, is what Grover Cleveland said of a satisfactory tariff law,—"it is an iridescent dream."

It may, however, prove useful to those who have occasion to travel the path, to know the experience of the State Library of Massachusetts in arranging the statute law of the several states and territories, and to be warned regarding some of the difficulties which will be encountered, some of the stumbling blocks in the way, and the most likely pitfalls into which the wayfarer is almost sure to plunge.

*Foundation and Framework.*

In the outset of such an undertaking, the foremost question to be decided is the foundation or unit which shall be the basis of the work. The range of choice is limited to two methods: one, the session itself; the other, the title-page of the volume containing the session laws. The latter is the true bibliographic mode, but objection to it is found in the lack of compactness and the time and expense of preparing and printing so much matter which necessarily is frequently repeated.

The other of the unit systems is the session itself, generally referred to by its commencement date. The objection to this plan is that it is not technical and that difficulties arise in strictly adhering to it. On the other hand, the scheme possesses the advantage of presenting concisely the legislative sessions, and renders it possible in a convenient and economical form to supply a guide which will enable the investigator to learn what sessions there have been, and put him in the way of locating the laws of any desired date.

The latter method has been adopted by our Library, but with the express-

ed hope "that some specialist who is fortunate in possessing ample time and sufficient means, will soon publish a full bibliography of American session laws."

The difference in conciseness between the two systems is illustrated by the bibliographies of Albert Carlos Bates (Conn.), Ford and Matthews (Mass.), and the Charlemagne Tower Collection. None of them bring the laws down much later than the close of the colonial period, and all follow as the unit, the title-page method. In the aggregate they fill 604 large pages. If their plan were followed throughout the sixty-one jurisdictions, now necessary to complete a presentation of American session laws, covering a total of 6,295 legislative sessions, several large volumes would be required. The session unit method, comprising all these jurisdictions with their respective compilations, revisions, etc., from 1619 to date, and also constitutions and conventions, extending through a period of nearly 300 years, fills one volume containing only 634 octavo pages.

In casting about for a framework around which a *quasi* bibliographical account of the statute law of all the jurisdictions under the American Constitution, might be built, it was finally discovered that it could be divided in each body politic under five general heads. The first, entitled "Historical," consisting of notes of the political history of each jurisdiction sufficient to a proper understanding of the legislation. The second, called "Bibliography," which in this connection is hardly a strictly technical employment of the term; but because of its elastic and generic character, the word supplies an expression for all those matters connected with the written laws of each locality, for which there is no other appropriate place. The third, comprises the "Sessions Laws" themselves, arranged chronologically by sessions. Into the fourth division is cast all revisions, digests, codes, and the like, the result of legislative enactment and compilation. In the fifth category is collected all matter relating to the constitutions and conventions of the states.

While this was found generally satisfactory, yet in the cases of states that passed through the colonial period, modification was frequently necessary in respect to the earliest laws, for in most of the colonies we are dependent upon compilations and collections to determine the sessions. So while the effort was made to confine them to their proper place, a note was inserted in appropriate instances, referring the reader back to the commencement of session laws for early books of this character. Even this skeleton, flexible as it is, cannot be closely adjusted in every instance. In Rhode Island, for example, though following the semblance, a wide departure is necessary because of an early statute requiring that once in two years the public measures should be picked out of the printed Acts and Resolves, and published by themselves, thus making the "Public Laws" in a way compilations or revisions.

Though often deviating, the general arrangement may be worked out with a fair degree of success. Within the several classes themselves, however, there is great variety, particularly in states where the statutes appear in the form of Public Laws and Private Laws and as Special Laws and General Laws, it being essential frequently to repeat sessions, in order to classify properly all the enactments of any given assembly.

*Omitted Laws.*

A complication that develops when an effort is made to place early sessions in chronologic order, grows out of the publication of laws several years after their enactment, *omitted* by accident or design from the publications containing measures concurrent with them in point of time. Reference to this subject in another connection has already been made. Many of the states are offenders in this particular. Such laws generally are not noted upon the title-page, but appear at the end of a subsequent session, sometimes by way of appendix and occasionally simply preceded by a note. In either case, they are easily overlooked, especially if the cataloguer has no idea of their existence.

*Uncertainty.*

Uncertainty is always productive of anxiety lest the mortifying fact be brought home that a session has been overlooked. No test is known which will result in complete assurance that every legislative assembling in any jurisdiction has been discovered. This is notably true with reference to "extraordinary," "special," "called," and "adjourned" sessions. They are frequently nestled in the volumes without title-page or reference of any kind, the whole volume being continuously paged from beginning to end. In such cases there is nothing whatever to arouse suspicion or to call attention to them. Discovery is more often the result of happy accident than of careful work.

Mr. Hildeburn in his painstaking efforts in the Charlemagne Tower Collection of Colonial Laws; Messrs. Ford and Matthews in their valuable volume on the laws of Massachusetts Bay; Messrs. Brigham and Whitmore in their bibliographic works along the same lines, all cover substantially the same period, yet each mentions sessions not noted by the others. When bibliographers of such eminence omit a session here and there, it is no just criticism by us to assert carelessness because an occasional session escapes undetected.

There are two elements which should characterize the work of the bibliographer of session laws, viz: eternal vigilance, which is always the price of a good catalogue, and the possession of a suspicious disposition, which latter in this regard, is more precious than rubies.

This difficulty concerning sessions out of the usual course is as true today as it was a century ago. In 1900, the first assembly of Porto Rico was convened. The volumes of laws show sessions of 1900 and 1903. There is nothing to indicate legislation between those years. The student, however, if he happens to read the Revised Statutes or Codes of Porto Rico, will discover that on the 4th day of July, 1901, the legislature was convened in "extraordinary session," that it adopted one short resolution and adjourned. It would naturally be supposed that the United States government with all its facilities and experience, would have taken notice of this assembly in its regular publication of laws, but it is left wholly to lucky circumstance to reveal this particular session.

Another illustration occurs in the "Acts and Resolves of Massachusetts" for the years 1856-7. The sessions noted are those of January 2, 1856, and

January 7, 1857, and the paging is continuous. All the books refer to the two January sessions mentioned, and to no more. An unsuspecting cataloguer would run a narrow chance indeed of stumbling upon page 773, where he would find the Acts and Resolves of a "second session" convened July 14, 1857. It was by sheer good fortune while casually looking through the book of a general writer, that attention was attracted by the expression "an extra session held in 1857."

*Change in Calendar.*

A point to be guarded against in fixing dates in connection with colonial laws, is the change in the computation of time. The Act of Parliament effecting this change bears date Nov. 10, 1747 in the reign of George II, the Act in part being as follows:-

"Whereas the legal supputation of the year of our Lord in that part of Great Britain called England, according to which the year beginneth on the 25th day of March hath been found by experience to be attended with divers inconveniences xxx and whereas the calendar now in use xxx hath been discovered to be erroneous by means whereof the vernal or spring equinox xxx in the year of our Lord 325 happened on or about the 21st day of March, now happens upon the 9th or 10th day of the same month and the said error is still increasing xxx be it enacted" etc. "that in and throughout all His Majesties dominions and countries in Europe, Asia, Africa and America xxx, the said supputation xxx shall not be made use of from and after the last day of December 1751; and that the first day of January next following the said last day of December, shall be reckoned, taken, deemed, and accounted, to be the first day of the year of our Lord, 1752, xxx and so on from time to time."

There seems to have been no uniformity in the different colonies concerning the time when this change went into actual effect. In some cases both methods of computation were carried along together. In others, there is an apparent gap of one year. It will readily be seen how this can happen, for under the old system, February 1751 will, under the new method, become February 1752.

In any event in dealing with the laws of the period, a difference of two months and twenty-five days must constantly be borne in mind or confusion will follow.

*Wrong Pagination.*

It is no uncommon thing to find here and there, a page or pages bound upside down. While this indicates carelessness on the part of the binder, and of the person having supervision, no great harm is done, but in mispaging there lies a danger of losing something. For example, a volume of the Massachusetts Acts and Resolves for the years 1864-65 contains the state constitution with its index, both independently paged, inserted in the middle of the book. A person looking for the constitution as it then existed would not be apt to look in the centre of the volume, particularly as it is the practice to place the constitution at the commencement.

A glaring case of confused paging is to be found in the "Laws of the Territory of Mississippi" of 1799. The title-page comes next after page 96 and is followed by the table of contents. The book opens at page 1, with the session of October 1800, which continues to page 47. The laws from September 1799 to October 1799 are to be found between pages 1 and 16, and the laws from January 1799 to May 1799, are to be found part between pages 2 and 96 and pages 97 and 209.

Illustrations of this sort could be multiplied indefinitely. Those that have been cited serve to show the care which must be exerted to avoid snags of this nature which beset the cataloguer.

Someone may rejoin: "but what has been said relates to peculiarities of books contained in the State Library of Massachusetts." However that may be, the same or other peculiarities exist in the books of other libraries. If this were not so, then all the eccentricities of edition, binding, title-page, paging, etc., might be charted once for all, after which there would be no more difficulty. It is because of irregularities between one volume and another of the same session laws, that constant vigilance is required. In the matter of mispaging it is also to be taken into consideration that a pagination appearing in a book in one library may be right according to that particular book but disagree with its companion volume in another library. It is for such reasons as these that at one time it was an aphorism that "public printing is done at the best price and is of the worst quality," to which might occasionally have been added the indifference or ignorance of the official having supervision of the publication.

#### *Deceptive Facsimiles.*

Scrutiny should always be exercised to distinguish genuineness in reprints and originals. A deception of this character is to be found in the Acts and Laws passed by the General court of New Hampshire, printed by B. Green, 1776.

There is nothing whatever in the book itself to indicate that it is a reprint. *Prima facie*, it is an original, and readily deceives. Close inspection discloses that the paper and type have a more modern look than is apt to characterize a book of such ancient date. Concerning it, Mr. Charles R. Hildeburn, whose labor upon the Charlemagne Tower Collection of Colonial Laws has already been mentioned, indignantly remarks:-

"This is a very nicely executed reprint of the edition of 1716 with the session laws down to January 1725-26, but it is thrown on the world without a word of explanation as to by whom, when, or where it was done. The title page is a facsimile of that of the edition of 1716 except that the date is changed to 1726."

Another example occurs in Rhode Island. In the edition of photographically reproduced manuscript Laws and Acts of that Colony, by Sidney S. Rider, Providence, 1876, there appears the photograph of what purports to be a title-page of the Laws and Acts, "Providence, 1705." There is no indication anywhere that it is other than the photographic reproduction of a genuine title-page; the fact is, however, that it is the picture of a clever pen-and-ink draw-

ing. "The original has nothing of the kind, but starts right in with the written text," the alleged title-page making its first appearance in Mr. Rider's volume.

Regarding Mr. Rider as a responsible authority, no doubt of the genuineness of this title-page was entertained, until Mr. Cole discovered it to be spurious. Subsequent correspondence with Mr. Bongartz developed the facts to be as stated.

*More than one edition of the same Laws.*

No state is a greater offender in the production of different editions of session laws than Massachusetts. It has folio editions, and several editions in octavo. There are editions in paper covers and in pamphlet form. There is an "original edition," editions with two title-pages, and an edition with one title-page. All these are declared to be published by authority, and great confusion results. The assertion is ventured that no two libraries can cite the Massachusetts session laws for the 19th century and have their citations agree in all cases. It often takes almost the penetration of second sight to follow from one edition to the other, except upon book-to-book comparison.

*Unexpected Publications.*

Embarrassment occasionally arises from the discovery that a library collection does not contain all the publications begotten of a particular session.

In more than one feature North Carolina laws are perplexing. Concerning them an eminent bibliographer recently wrote the following:-

"I am not surprised that these North Carolina laws have given you trouble. I have spent much time over them, in fact years. xxx They are especially difficult to list when using the session (which relates to *time* only) as the unit."

A case in point occurs in connection with the session of 1911 which produced a volume containing 1324 pages, described as the "Public Local Laws." While the title is peculiar, there is nothing to lead the searcher to suppose other than that it embraces all the laws of the session. After a while appears another volume of 1118 pages, described as the "Private Laws" of the same session. Nothing more presents itself and it is believed that the "Public Local" and "Private" comprising 2442 pages embody all the enactments of the year. Months after the appearance of the "Private Laws" it is learned from an outside source that there is an edition of the session laws of 1911 in three volumes. An inquiry is instituted which results in ascertaining that there is an additional volume of 404 pages which contains the "Public Laws," none of which are contained in the volumes which first appeared. All difficulty would have been obviated by a reference in each volume to the other two.

*A Coincidence.*

It is said that the chances in battle are a million to one against two bullets meeting in the air in such a way as to become embedded together. And yet something almost as strange occurred in connection with Rhode Island session laws. Two printed parts were found tied together with string, making apparently a complete volume of the public laws of about 100 years ago. On the

surface it appeared that the covers had become worn and that the book had fallen in pieces of about equal size. The binding of the two halves was the same, the size was identical, the typography and style uniform, and the paging continuous from one piece to the other. Besides, the closing words of the first half made sense with those at the commencement of the second. There were other minor circumstances pointing to identity. No real doubt was entertained that the two belonged together.

A careful scrutiny disclosed that the laws contained in the second half appeared to be of a year different, though not very much so, from those of the first part. This of itself was not very suspicious in an old book of laws, at the most warranting some inquiry. The catalogues and bibliographies consulted were not satisfying. A correspondence with Mr. Brigham, State Librarian of Rhode Island, finally disclosed that the two pieces were really parts of entirely different volumes, which had come together in such a way as easily to coalesce.

*Conclusion.*

Concerning the work done recently at the State Library of Massachusetts in compiling session laws, occasion is taken to convey the writer's thanks to Mr. John H. Arnold of the Library of Harvard Law School, for generous help both by way of information and material; and to express appreciation for the interest and suggestions of Mr. Theodore Lee Cole. The learning of these gentlemen has enabled us to clear up a number of perplexing problems and illuminated much that was dark in this somewhat intricate and certainly confusing subject.

In conclusion it may be observed that as civilization grows more complicated, the study of comparative law becomes increasingly important, to facilitate which a just conception of legislation in the different jurisdictions is imperative. All experience demonstrates the tangled condition in which American statute law exists today. No work of this association appears more important than that delegated to the committee on uniform session laws. It has been found practicable to enact in many states uniform negotiable instruments laws and the like, and there seems to be no reason why an Act providing a general form at least, for title-pages, for a table of contents, and for regular pagination should not meet with general favor as tending to check in the future the complications of the past with which we are confronted.

NUMBER OF LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS IN THE UNITED STATES  
SINCE THE BEGINNING (1619)

	SESSIONS.
Alabama .....	78
Alaska .....	No Sessions
Arizona .....	25
Arkansas .....	61
California .....	48
Colorado .....	34
Confederate States of America .....	10
Connecticut .....	355

Dakota Territory .....	18
Delaware .....	125
District of Columbia .....	5
Florida .....	73
Frankland, State of .....	No Sessions
Georgia .....	114
Guam .....	No Sessions
Hawaii .....	40
Idaho .....	27
Illinois .....	71
Indian Territory .....	No Sessions
Indiana .....	93
Iowa .....	52
Kansas .....	48
Kentucky .....	108
Louisiana .....	108
Maine .....	81
Maryland .....	192
Massachusetts .....	628
Michigan .....	80
Minnesota .....	49
Mississippi .....	92
Missouri .....	74
Montana .....	35
Nebraska .....	45
Nevada .....	30
New England .....	No Sessions
New Hampshire .....	226
New Jersey .....	211
New Mexico .....	39
New York .....	212
North Carolina .....	176
North Dakota .....	13
Northwest Territory .....	No Sessions
Ohio .....	107
Oklahoma .....	13
Oregon .....	44
Pennsylvania .....	284
Philippine Islands .....	28
Porto Rico .....	15
Rhode Island .....	825
South Carolina .....	337
South Dakota .....	12
Tennessee .....	92
Texas .....	75
United States .....	140
Utah .....	43

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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Vermont .....	138
Virginia .....	286
Washington .....	41
West Virginia .....	45
Wisconsin .....	72
Wyoming .....	22
Total	6,295

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

The following list of law libraries and law departments of libraries in the United States was intended to be as comprehensive as possible, so as to include not only the law libraries strictly so called but others where the law collection is considerable or important. It includes (1) public law libraries; (2) court and bar libraries, whether public, associational or proprietary, omitting, of course, individual private libraries; in some of the states the small libraries in the Court Houses have been here included; (3) state and government libraries, except a few not law; (4) many law libraries of public officials, state and municipal, although restricted in use to those officials; the list of this class of libraries is far from complete; (5) the libraries of universities and schools for the study of law.

Accuracy was sought to be obtained by addressing each library. When no reply was received, the best information available was used if the library appeared to be within the scope above-outlined.

It was decided to include even the smaller libraries because these do not appear on any other list of which we have knowledge. Where the number of volumes is not stated in this list, it is less than one thousand, or the committee has no information. In case of branches or law departments of larger libraries, the total number of volumes has been sometimes given as well as a separate statement of the number of law volumes.

The Canadian list follows that of the United States. These lists were compiled by a committee of the American Association of Law Libraries.

As we cannot hope to have escaped error and have doubtless omitted some libraries that belong in the list, the committee will welcome corrections and additions as well as information of changes that may hereafter occur, which please send to George N. Cheney, Court of Appeals Library, Syracuse, N. Y., chairman of the committee.

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
ALABAMA			
Birmingham ..	Birmingham Bar Asso. Liby..... First Nat'l Bk. Bldg.	Frederick I. Monks.....	6,500
Montgomery ..	State & Supreme Ct. Liby.....	Junius M. Riggs.....	38,000
Tuscaloosa ..	Univ. of Alabama Law Liby..... Morgan Hall, Univ. of Ala.....	Ora Ioneen Smith..... University Libn.....	(total) 25,000 (law) 2,000
ALASKA			
Sitka .....	Historical Liby. & Museum..... Federal Bldg. ....	Wm. W. Shorthill..... Custodian .....	(total) 10,000 (law) 500
ARIZONA			
Phoenix .....	State Law Liby..... State Capitol Bldg.	Paul C. Thorn.....	15,000
ARKANSAS			
Fort Smith ...	Law Library		
Little Rock ...	State Library		
Little Rock ...	Supreme Court Liby..... State Capitol	Peyton D. English.....	30,000
CALIFORNIA			
Alturas .....	Modoc Co. Law Lib.....	Judge John E. Raker.....	
Auburn .....	Placer Co. Law Lib..... Court House	A. B. Reading..... Court Reporter.....	2,000
Bakersfield .....	Kern Co. Law Lib..... New Court House	Miss Harriet E. Garlock.....	2,000
Berkeley .....	Univ. of Cal..... Boalt Hall of Law	Rosamond Parma.....	8,775
Bridgeport .....	Mono Co. Law Lib.....	Pat R. Parker..... Dist. Atty.	
Colusa .....	Colusa Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Ernest Wayland. Sney.....	1,000
Crescent City ..	Del Norte Co. Law Lib.....	Geo. W. Howe..... Dist. Atty.	
Downieville .....	Sierra Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Stanley A. Smith..... J. S. C.	
El Centro .....	Imperial Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Phil. O. Swing.....	1,000
Eureka .....	Humboldt Co. Law Lib.....	Kenneth Newett, Sec.....	1,070
Fairfield .....	Solano Co. Law Lib..... Court House	(Miss) Louise Morrill.....	3,000
Fresno .....	Fresno Co. Law Lib..... Court House	A. D. Ewing, Sec.....	5,000
Hanford .....	Kings Co. Law Lib..... Court House	J. T. Shore.....	1,250
Hollister .....	San Benito Co. Law Lib.....	Geo. W. Jean, Sec.....	1,014
Jackson .....	Amador Co. Law Lib.....	Wm. Going.....	
Los Angeles ...	Dist. Ct. of Appeal..... 2d Dist. Lib..... International Bank Bldg.	W. H. Morris.....	7,300
Los Angeles ...	Los Angeles Co. Law Lib..... Hall of Records	Thos. W. Robinson.....	25,000
Los Angeles ...	Univ. of Southern Calif..... College of Law Lib.	Gavin W. Craig, Sec.....	1,700
Madera .....	Madera Co. Law Lib..... Court House	F. A. Fee.....	2,000
Mariposa .....	Mariposa Co. Law Lib.....	Judge J. J. Trabucco..... Trustee.	
Markleeville ...	Alpine Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Fred S. Dunlap..... Co. Clerk.	
Martinez .....	Contra Costa Co. Law Lib..... Court House	R. H. Latimer, J. S. C.....	1,000
Marysville .....	Yuba Co. Law Lib.....	Wm. Jones, Libn.....	
Merced .....	Merced Co. Law Lib.....	J. G. McLellen..... H. S. Shaffer..... Dist. Atty.	1,214
Medesto .....	Stanislaus Co. Law Lib.....	J. W. Hawkins.....	1,760
Napa .....	Napa Co. Law Liby.....	Herbert W. Whitton.....	2,100
Nevada City .....	Nevada Co. Law Liby..... Court House	Geo. L. Jones.....	1,250
Oakland .....	Alameda Co. Law Lib..... Court House, 5th & B'way.	(Miss) Eloise B. Cushing.....	12,000
Oroville .....	Butte Co. Law Lib.....	Geo. F. LeRossignol.....	2,600
Placerville .....	El Dorada Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Abe Darlington.....	1,500

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
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## CALIFORNIA—Continued

Quincy .....	Plumas Co. Law Liby. Court House	J. N. Peter, Secy..... H. P. McBeth Co. Clerk, Libn.....	1,000
Red Bluff .....	Tehama Co. Law Lib.	Jno. F. Ellison..... President.	
Redding .....	Shasta Co. Law Lib. Court House	Judge Chas. M. Head, Pres.....	1,781
Redwood City .....	San Mateo Co. Law Lib.	Geo. H. Buck.....	
Riverside .....	Riverside Co. Law Lib. Court House	A. B. Pilch, Sec.....	1,600
Sacramento ...	State Liby. Law Dept. Capitol Bldg.	J. L. Gillis, State Libn..... Milton J. Ferguson, Law Libn.....	180,000 42,000
Sacramento ...	District Court of Appeal.....	Geo. B. Donaldson..... Baillif.	
Sacramento ...	3rd District Lib. Court House	Norman E. Doan.....	3,500
Salinas .....	Monterey Co. Law Lib.	M. J. Smith.....	1,300
San Andreas ..	Calveras Co. Law Lib.	A. I. McSorley..... Sup'r Ct. Judge.	
San Bernardino .....	San Bernardino Co. Law Lib.	G. M. Pittman.....	3,108
San Diego .....	San Diego Co. Law Lib. Court House	J. V. Hicks.....	5,000
San Francisco .....	Bar Asso. of San Fran. Lib. 928 Pacific Bldg.	Geo. J. Martin.....	12,000
San Francisco .....	Mills Bldg. Law Lib.	Robt. C. Young.....	10,600
San Francisco .....	Pacific Gas & Electric Co. Law Lib., 445 Sutter St.	W. B. Bosley, Atty..... (For Company's Attys.)	3,200 28,000
San Francisco .....	San Francisco Law Lib. City Hall	Jas. H. Deering.....	
San Francisco .....	Southern Pacific Law Dept. Lib.	Henry Williams Hobbs.....	7,865
San Francisco .....	Supreme Court Lib. Wells Fargo Bldg. 2d & Mission Sts.	John F. Tyler.....	9,000
San Francisco .....	U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, 9th Circ. Lib. P. O. Bldg.	Willard G. Parsons.....	9,000
San José .....	San José Law Lib. Knox Blk. Cor. 1st & Santa Clara Sts.	Miss L. Jennie Spencer..... Sec.	5,500
San Luis Obispo .....	San Luis Obispo Co. Law Lib. Court House	E. P. Unangst..... Sup'r Ct. Judge (in charge.)	2,100
San Rafael .....	Marin Co. Law Lib.	Miss Mabel Holland.....	1,200
Santa Ana .....	Orange Co. Law Lib.	J. C. Burke, Sec.....	
Santa Barbara .....	Santa Barbara Co. Law Lib.	C. A. Hunt, Co. Clerk.....	2,675
Santa Cruz .....	Santa Cruz Co. Law Lib. Court House	Harry E. Miller..... Secy.	1,685
Santa Rosa .....	Sonoma Co. Law Lib.	G. W. Libby, Secy.....	3,300
Sonora .....	Tuolumne Co. Law Lib. Court House	G. W. Nicol..... Sup'r Judge.	
Stanford Univ. ....	Leland Stanford Jr. Univ. Law Lib.	Geo. T. Clark, Univ. Libn. (total) 173,333	
Stockton .....	San Joaquin Co. Law Lib. Court House	Walter Slack, Law Libn. (law) 15,957 Fred A. Copestake.....	4,000
Ukiah .....	Mendocino Law Lib.	Arthur J. Thatcher .....	1,200
Ventura .....	Ventura Co. Law Liby.	Earl E. Moss.....	
Visalia .....	Tulare Co. Law Lib. Court House	D. M. Edwards, Sec.....	2,200
Weaverville .....	Trinity Co. Law Lib.	Horace R. Given.....	
Willows .....	Glenn Co. Law Lib.	Claude F. Purkitt.....	1,136
Woodland .....	Yolo Co. Law Lib. Odd Fellows Bldg.	N. A. Hawkins..... Sup'r Judge.	2,200
Yreka .....	Siskiyou Co. Law Lib.	J. F. Lodge..... Sup'r Judge.	
Yuba City .....	Sutter Co. Law Lib. Court House	K. S. Mahon..... Sup'r Judge.	

## COLORADO

Boulder .....	Univ. of Colorado School of Law (Guggenheim Law Bldg.) .....	Henry C. Smith, Univ. Libn. (total) 64,000 Eugene A. Bond, Law Libn. (law) 5,000
Colo. Springs .....	N. P. Coburn Liby. of Colorado Col- lege. Cor. Cascade Av. & Cashe la Pon- dre St.	John D. Fleming, Dean..... Manly D. Ormes..... (total) 60,000 (law) 640
Denver .....	Brown Law Lib. Asso.....	James H. Brown..... 8,000
Denver .....	Continental Bldg. Law Lib.	Geo. A. Peete..... 10,000
Denver .....	Denver Bar Asso. Law Lib. Court House	Mrs. W. T. Bangs..... 5,000
Denver .....	Equitable Law Lib.	James D. Howard..... 9,000
Denver .....	Ernest & Cranmer Law Liby. In Ernest & Cranmer Bldg.	F. L. Nicol..... 17,000
Denver .....	Hughes (C. G.) Law Lib.....	

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
COLORADO—Continued			
Denver .....	Mills (J. Warner) Law Lib..... 712 Kittredge Bldg.	Clifford W. Mills.....	5,000
Denver .....	Rogers (W. T.) Law Lib.....	W. T. Rogers.....	4,000
Denver .....	State Library .....	Felix A. Richardson.....	24,000
Denver .....	Supreme Court Lib..... State Capitol Bldg.	E. M. Baxter, Libn.....(law)	8,000
Denver .....	University of Denver School of Law 1330 Arapahoe St.	Geo. C. Manly, Dean.....	
Denver .....	Wolcott Lib. (Symes Bldg. Law Lib.)	Roger Wolcott.....	6,000
Pueblo .....	Central Block Law Lib.....	diss Jean D. Betts.....	4,000
Pueblo .....	Opera House Law Lib.....	Alice E. Bowles.....	2,550
CONNECTICUT			
Bridgeport .....	Fairfield Co. Law Lib..... Fairfield Court House	Chas S. Evans.....	11,000
Hartford .....	Hartford Co. Bar Lib. Asso..... County Bldg.	Miss Hettie G. Baker.....	8,500
Hartford .....	Sta 'e Library .....	Geo. S. Godard.....	120,000
Hartford .....	State Liby. & Supreme Ct. Bldg. (Has collection on canon law; no general law collection	Trinity College Lib.....	63,275
Litchfield .....	Bar Lib. at Litchfield..... Court House	Walter S. Briggs.....	
Meriden .....	Meriden Bar Lib..... City Hall	John T. Hubbard.....	
Middletown .....	Middlesex Co. Bar Liby.....	R. R. Chamberlain.....	
New Haven .....	New Haven Co. Bar Lib..... Court House	Jos. H. Murray, (Acting).....	10,000
New Haven .....	Yale Univ. Law School.....	Chas. P. Sherman.....	
New Milford .....	Litchfield Co. Bar Lib..... Court House	H. W. Winfield.....(law)	35,000
Norwich .....	New London Co. Bar Lib.....	F. M. Williams.....	1,800
Putnam .....	Windham Co. Bar Lib.....	Liby. Committee.....	
Rockville .....	Tolland Co. Bar Lib..... Town Hall	L. T. Tingier.....	1,250
Waterbury .....	Waterbury Bar Lib..... Court House	Miss M. A. Somers.....	6,800
Willimantic .....	Windham Co. Liby..... Town Bldg.	C. A. Capen, Asst. Clerk.....	
Winsted .....	Litchfield Co. Law Liby.....	Samuel A. Herman.....	
DELAWARE			
Dover .....	State Library .....	H. Ridgely Harrington.....(total)	50,000
	State St. & Dover Green	(law)	25,000
Wilmington .....	New Castle Co. Law Lib.....	Frank Brockson.....	
Wilmington .....	U. S. Court Library.....		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
Washington ...	Bar Association .....	Waldo Burnside.....	15,000
Washington ...	George Washington Univ. 731 15th St., N. W.	Alfred F. W. Schmidt, Univ. Libn.....	
		.....(total)	42,000
Washington ...	Law Liby. of Congress & Supreme Court. Capitol Bldg.	Wm. R. Richards, Law Libn.(law)	6,000
Washington ...	National Univ. Law School..... 816-818 13th St. N. W.	Edwin M. Borchard.....	145,000
Washington ...	Solicitor of the Treasury.....	Law Libn. of Congress.....	
Washington ...	U. S. Bureau of Rolls & Dept. of State Liby. State War & Navy Bldg.	John L. Cassin, Treas.....	
Washington ...	U. S. Dept. of Justice..... 1435 K St. N. W.	R. E. Tyner.....	8,000
Washington ...	U. S. House of Representatives.....	J. A. Tonner.....(total)	70,000
Washington ...	U. S. Interstate Commerce Commis- sion. 1317 F St. N. W.	(law)	25,000
Washington ...	U. S. Senate Liby.....	George Kearney.....	40,000
Washington ...	Washington College of Law..... 1317 New York Ave.	John J. Boobar.....	125,000
		Leroy Stafford Boyd.....(total)	13,000
		(law)	2,500
		Edwin C. Goodwin.....	200,000
		E. S. Mussey, Dean.....	
FLORIDA			
Jacksonville ...	Law Library Association..... Law Exchange Bldg.	Geo. Couper Gibbs, Secy.....	4,100
Tallahassee ...	Supreme Court Library.....	W. H. Mabry.....	13,500
Tallahassee ...	State Library .....		

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
GEORGIA			
Athens .....	State Univ. Law Liby..... Academic Bldg.	O. J. Tolnas.....	1,250
Atlanta .....	State Bar Asso'n. Liby..... (housed with State Liby.)		
Atlanta .....	State Library ..... Capitol Bldg.	Mrs. Maud Barker Cobb.....	60,000
Atlanta .....	Supreme Court Liby..... Capitol Bldg.	J. W. Vaughan, Sher. & Libn.....	8,000
Macon .....	Mercer Univ.....	Miss Sallie G. Boone.....	(total) 20,000 (law) 12,000
HAWAII			
Honolulu .....	Supreme Court Law Liby..... Judicial Bldg. King St.	John M. Ulanahale, Libn..... Hon. A. G. M. Robertson, Ch. J....	
IDAHO			
Boise .....	State Library ..... Capitol Bldg.	Minnie P. Dunton.....	12,961
Lewiston .....	Supreme Court Law Liby..... Sup. Ct. Bldg.	John H. Long.....	4,000
ILLINOIS			
Bloomington ...	McLean County Law Liby.....	Hal. M. Stone.....	5,000
Bloomington ...	Wesleyan Univ. Law School.....	Judah P. Benjamin, Dean.....	
Chicago .....	Ashland Blk. Law Liby.....	Edith S. Ransom.....	7,500
Chicago .....	Chicago Bar Asso'n..... Fort Dearborn Bldg. 105 W. Monroe St.	Carlos P. Sawyer.....	10,500
Chicago .....	Chicago Kent College of Law..... Lake View Bldg.	Guy Guernsey, Secy..... 111 W. Monroe St.	3,600
Chicago .....	Chicago Law Institute..... 1025 County Bldg.	Wm. H. Holden.....	55,500
Chicago .....	Elbert H. Gary Liby. of Law..... Northwestern Univ. Law School Liby. 304-31 W. Lake St.	F. B. Crossley.....	40,000
Chicago .....	Illinois College of Law..... 2201 Osgood St.	C. M. Doty.....	3,000
Chicago .....	John Crerar Liby..... 101 N. Wabash Av.	Clement W. Andrews.....	(total) 300,000 * (The Huntington W. Jackson col- lection on Const. law, 600 vols.)
Chicago .....	John Marshall Law School..... Portland Bldg.	Edward T. Lee, Dean.....	3,500
Chicago .....	Municipal Library ..... City Hall	Francis A. Eastman, City Statis- tician .....	15,000
Chicago .....	U. S. Court of Appeals, 7th Circuit Liby. Federal Bldg.	Edward M. Holway, Clerk.....	5,000
Chicago .....	Univ. of Chicago Law School..... Law Bldg. 59th & Greenwood Av.	Frederick Wm. Schenk.....	36,000
Decatur .....	Macon Co. Bar Asso. Liby..... 716-20 Milliken Bldg.	James S. Baldwin.....	2,000
Geneva .....	Kane County Liby.....	Smith .....	3,000
Mount Vernon .....	Appellate Court Law Liby..... Appellate Court Bldg.	A. C. Millspaugh, Clerk.....	15,000
Ottawa .....	Appellate Court Liby..... Lafayette & Columbus Sts.	C. C. Duffy, Libn.....	10,000
Peoria .....	Peoria Law Liby..... 1101-4 Jefferson Bldg.	Paul D. Allwig.....	7,000
Springfield ....	State Library .....	C. J. Doyle, State Libn.....	(total) 54,500 (law) 5,000
Springfield ....	Supreme Court Liby..... Supreme Ct. Bldg.	Ralph H. Wilkin.....	25,000
Urbana .....	Univ. of Ill. Liby.....	Supt. Ct. Libn.....	(total) 210,000
		P. L. Windsor.....	(law) 13,000
		Univ. Libn.....	
INDIANA			
Evansville .....	Evansville Law Lib.....	Edward E. Law, (acting).....	5,000
Fort Wayne .....	Allen County Law Lib..... (Address County Commissioners)		
Indianapolis ...	Indiana Law Lib. State Capitol..... (Also called Supreme Ct. Liby.)	Omar O'Harrow.....	45,000
Indianapolis ...	Indiana Law School Liby..... Talbott Bldk.	James A. Rohback, Dean.....	1,500
Indianapolis ...	Indianapolis Bar Asso..... Delaware St.	Ralph B. Biehler.....	9,000
Indianapolis ...	Law Building Liby.....	Ephraim O'Harra.....	5,000
Notre Dame .....	Notre Dame Univ. Law Liby.....	Prof. Wm. Hoynes.....	7,000
Terre Haute .....	Circuit Court Library.....	John E. Cox, Judge.....	
Terre Haute .....	Superior Court Liby.....	J. A. Markley.....	3,000
Winchester .....	Randolph County Law Lib.....		

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

CITY	NAME OF LIB'Y AND ADDRESS	LIBRARIAN	NO. OF VOLS.
IOWA			
Davenport ....	James Grant Law Lib.....	Wm. Thophilus, Dist. Judge.....	6,000
Des Moines ....	Drake Univ. Law Lib.....	O. S. Thomas.....	6,000
Des Moines ....	State Bar Asso. Lib..... Capitol.	A. J. Small.....	200
Des Moines ....	State Library, Law Dept. Capitol	A. J. Small, ..... (law) 45,000	
Iowa City ....	Univ. of Iowa Law Lib.....	Neil M. Monroe..... (Documents, etc.) 30,000	
KANSAS			
Lawrence ....	Univ. of Kansas Law Lib.....	Carrie M. Watson.....(law)	6,467
Topeka ....	State Library ..... Capitol	James L. King.....	75,000
Topeka ....	Washburn College Law Lib..... 725 Kansas Av.	Wm. R. Arthur, Dean.....	2,500
KENTUCKY			
Covington ....	Kenton Co. Bar Asso. Liby..... City Hall	R. H. B. Machon, Pres.....	
Danville ....	Central Univ. College of Law.....	T. V. Williams, Dean.....	1,200
Frankfort ....	State Library ..... Capitol Bldg.	Frank K. Kavanaugh.....(total) (State Libn.).....(law)	112,000 22,000
Louisville ....	Bar. Asso. Law Liby..... Court House	Susan A. Fleming, Libn.....	12,000
Owensboro ....	Owensboro Bar Lib.....		
LOUISIANA			
New Orleans ...	Louisiana Bar Asso.....	Stephen A. Mascaro.....	15,000
New Orleans ...	State Library .....	Albertine F. Phillips..... (total) 28,422 (law) 12,000	
New Orleans ...	Tulane Univ. Law Lib.....	Prof. D. C. McGovney.....	7,000
New Orleans ...	U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals..... Custom House Bldg.	T. H. Mortimer, Clerk.....	5,000
MAINE			
Alfred ....	York County Bar Lib..... Court House	Harry Ayer, Register of Probate..	3,000
Auburn ....	Androscoggin Co. Law Lib.....	A. R. Savage.....	5,005
Augusta ....	Kennebec Law Lib..... Court House	Hon. Wm. P. Whitehouse..... Chief Judge	3,000
Augusta ....	State Library .....	Herbert E. Holmes.....(total) State Libn.....(law)	115,000 50,000
Bangor ....	Penobscot Bar Lib. Asso..... Court House	Geo. H. Worster.....	4,991
Bangor ....	Univ. of Maine Law Lib..... College of Law Bldg. Union & Second Sts. (The law library is at Bangor; the university lib. at Orono)	Wm. E. Walz, Dean..... Ralph K. Jones, Libn., Orono, Me.	3,200
Bath ....	Sagadahoc Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Walter S. Glidden.....	4,000
Belfast ....	Waldo Co. Law Lib.....	Tileston Wadlin.....	1,600
Caribou ....	Aroostook Co. Law Lib.....	C. W. Brown.....	2,500
Dover ....	Piscataquis Co. Law Lib..... Court House	John F. Knowlton.....	4,200
Ellsworth ....	Hancock County Bar Liby..... Court House	Byron M. Small..... Libn. & Clerk of Sup. Ct.	3,000
Farmington ...	Franklin Co. Law Lib. Asso.....	John B. Madigan.....	3,500
Houlton ....	Aroostook Co. Law Lib.....	Geo. G. Freeman.....	1,600
Machias ....	Wash. Co. Law Lib.....	Ralph K. Jones, Univ. Libn. (total)	43,000
Orono ....	Univ. of Maine Lib..... (Law Dept. Lib at Bangor)	(law) 3,200	
Portland ....	Greenleaf Law Lib..... 142 Federal St.	Thomas C. Hooper.....	9,473
Rockland ....	Knox Co. Law Lib.....	W. T. Seekins.....	3,500
Skowhegan ....	Somerset Bar & Law Lib..... Court House	Walter L. Gray.....	1,500
South Paris ...	Oxford Co. Law Lib..... County Bldg.	Chas. L. Macurda, Secy.....	1,000
Wiscasset ....	Lincoln Co. Law Lib.....		

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
MARYLAND			
Annapolis .....	State Library ..... Court of Appeals Bldg.	Miss Sallie Webster Dorsey.....	25,000
Annapolis .....	U. S. Naval Academy.....	State Librarian. Prof. Arthur N. Brown, Libn. (total)	480,00 (law) 1,000
Baltimore .....	Baltimore Law School..... 849-51 N. Howard St.	Geo. H. Feldhaus, Libn.....	3,500
Baltimore .....	Lib. Company of Baltimore Bar..... 329 Court House	Andrew H. Mettee.....	33,000
Baltimore .....	Univ. of Md. Law School..... Lombard & Green Sts.	Henry D. Harlan, Dean.....	3,000
Cumberland .....	Bar Asso. of Alleghany Co..... Court House	Harry R. Donnelly..... 14 Water St.	2,500
Denton .....	Law Library .....		
Frederick .....	Law Library of Frederick Co.....		3,000
Hagerstown .....	Washington Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Judge M. L. Keedy..... (in charge)	3,600
Westminster .....	Carroll Co. Bar Asso..... Court House	Jay W. Soule.....	2,000
MASSACHUSETTS			
Barnstable .....	Barnstable Co. Law Liby.....	Miss Alice M. Porter.....	12,000
Boston .....	Bar Association ..... 102 Federal Bldg.	James N. Carter.....	11,000
Boston .....	Boston Univ. Law Lib.....	Edward B. Adams.....	49,000
Boston .....	Social Law Liby..... Court House	E. H. Redstone, Asst..... C. F. D. Belden.....	162,500
Boston .....	State Library ..... State House	Francis M. Fogarty, Clerk.....	1,200
Boston .....	U. S. Circuit Ct. of Appeals..... P. O. Bldg.	Ethel L. Brett.....	4,100
Brockton .....	Plymouth Co. Law Liby..... Court House	John H. Arnold.....	150,000
Cambridge .....	Harvard Law Liby..... Austin Hall & Langdell Hall.	Miss Grace H. Parker.....	
Cambridge .....	Middlesex Law Liby. Asso'n..... (Branch of Liby. at E. Cambridge)	Louis A. Cook..... Miss Grace H. Parker.....	10,000 20,000
Dedham .....	Norfolk County Law Lib.....	Everett A. Davis.....	
E. Cambridge .....	Middlesex Law Liby. Asso.....	Nicholas Hatheway.....	6,500
Edgartown .....	Dukes County Law Lib.....		
Fall River .....	Fall River Law Lib..... Court House	C. H. Blood.....	2,500
Fitchburg .....	Fitchburg Court House Lib..... Court House	John C. Lee.....	6,000
Greenfield .....	Franklin County Law Lib..... Court House	Marcia Packard.....	8,200
Lawrence .....	Lawrence Law Lib..... Court House	Miss Clara A. Fisher..... (Asst. Libn.)	10,000
Lowell .....	Middlesex Law Lib..... Court House	Josiah F. Murphy, Clerk.....	200
Nantucket .....	Nantucket Co. Law Liby..... Union St.	Hon. Frank A. Milliken.....	12,000
New Bedford .....	New Bedford Bar Asso. Law Lib..... County Court House	Judge John W. Mason.....	8,000
Newburyport .....	Essex County Law Lib. (See Salem) (Depository Branch)	W. C. Kellogg..... Ruth E. Griffen, Asst. Libn. (in charge)	13,000
Northampton .....	Hampshire County Law Lib..... Court House	Edwin E. Hobart, Libn..... John W. Herrick, Dep. Libn..... Sumner York Wheeler.....	6,179 23,000
Pittsfield .....	Berkshire Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Miss Claribel H. Smith.....	14,000
Plymouth .....	Plymouth County Law Lib..... Court House	Miss Alice M. Wheeler.....	13,700
Salem .....	Essex County Law Lib..... Court House	John Adams Lowe..... (total) 73,000 (law, etc.) 10,000	
Springfield .....	Hampden County Law Lib..... Court House	Dr. G. E. Wire, Dep. Libn.....	29,587
Taunton .....	Bristol Coun'ty Law Lib..... Court House		
Williamstown .....	Williams College Lib..... Law & Gov't Branch Bldg.		
Worcester .....	Worcester County Law Lib..... Court House. Lincoln Sq.		
MICHIGAN			
Ann Arbor .....	Univ. of Mich. Law Lib.....	V. H. Lane, Law Libn..... Miss Gertrude E. Woodard..... in charge.	32,000
Detroit .....	Detroit College of Law..... Wayne County Bldg.	Mrs. Eva N. Hawley.....	17,300

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
MICHIGAN—Continued			
Grand Rapids .	Grand Rapids Law Liby..... Mich. Trust Bldg.	Geta V. Godwin.....	8,000
Kalamazoo .	Kalamazoo County Law Liby..... Court House, Main St.	Judge Frank E. Knappen..... in charge.	
Lansing .	State Library, Capitol.....	Mary C. Spencer.....(total) 165,000 (exclusive of documents)....(law) 30,000	
Marquette .	Bar Liby, Asso..... Nestor Blk.	J. E. Ball.....	4,000
Port Huron .	St. Clair County Bar Liby..... Association, Court House.	Eugene F. Law, Circuit Judge....	1,000
MINNESOTA			
Duluth .	Bar Liby, Association..... Court House	Miss Emma Hicks.....	15,000
Minneapolis .	Bar Association Liby..... Court House	Frederick Klapp.....	40,000
Minneapolis .	Univ. of Minn. Liby..... Univ. of Minn. Law Liby..... (Law Bldg.)	Jas. Thayer Gerould.....(total) 150,000 Alfred Pulling.....(law) 18,000	
St. Paul .	State Library..... State Capitol	Elias J. Lien.....	70,100
St. Paul .	U. S. Circuit Ct. of Appeals..... 8th Circuit. Federal Bldg. Rooms 402 &c.	Isaac L. Mahan.....	12,000
MISSISSIPPI			
Columbus .	Columbus Law Liby.....	Mattie Plunkett.....	
Jackson .	State Library..... Capitol Bldg.	James T. Brown.....	90,000
University .	Univ. of Miss. Law Liby..... Lamar Hall		3,000
MISSOURI			
Columbia .	Univ. of Mo. Law Liby.....	Henry O. Severance.....	15,000
Jefferson City .	State Library..... Supreme Court Bldg.	Walter King Stone, Law Libn..... Thomas W. Hawkins.....(total) 50,000 (law) 27,000	
Kansas City .	Bar Library Asso..... 1116 Scarritt	Bertha Teasdale.....	12,000
Kansas City .	Kansas City Court of Appeals Liby..... County Court House	John M. Parry.....	6,000
Kansas City .	N. Y. Life Bldg. Liby.....	Mrs. Beulah Butcher.....	7,000
St. Joseph .	Bar Association..... Corby Bldg.	G. L. Zurick, Secy.....	
St. Joseph .	German Am. Bank Bldg. Law Liby.....	Laura Rufenacht.....	4,000
St. Louis .	Law Library Asso..... Pierce Bldg.	Gamble Jordan.....	33,000
St. Louis .	St. Louis Univ. Institute of Law..... 3642 Lindell Blvd.	Sherman Steele, Law Libn.....	8,000
St. Louis .	U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, 8th Circuit, 316 Federal Bldg. (Branch of liby. at St. Paul, Minn.)	J. L. Mahan, Libn. at St. Paul..... John D. Jordan, Clerk of Ct.,.....	
St. Louis .	Washington Univ. Law Liby..... (Also called St. Louis Law School)	W. E. Henry, Univ. Libn..... Wm. S. Curtis, Dean.....	25,000
MONTANA			
Butte .	Clark Law Liby..... Butte Miner Bldg.	A. J. Verheyen, Libn.....	15,000
Butte .	Silverbow Co. Law Liby.....	(Hon. W. A. Clark's private liby.)	
Helena .	State Law Liby..... Capitol	Ashburn K. Barbou.....	27,000
NEBRASKA			
Lincoln .	State Library..... State House	H. C. Lindsay.....	65,328
Lincoln .	Univ. of Nebraska.....	Miss Mary K. Ray, Deputy..... Walter K. Jewett.....(total) 100,000 (law) 6,000	
Omaha .	Creighton College of Law Liby..... 210 S. 18th St.	Paul L. Martin, Dean.....	5,000
Omaha .	Douglas County Law Liby..... Court House	Leone Dellone.....	12,000

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
NEVADA			
Carson City ...	State Library ..... Library Bldg.	Frank J. Pyne.....	24,000
NEW HAMPSHIRE			
Concord .....	State Library .....	Arthur H. Chase.....	(total) 142,000
Manchester ...	State Liby. Bldg. Hillsborough Co. Law Liby..... County Bldg.	Robert D. Manning, Trustee.....	(law) 30,000 2,000
NEW JERSEY			
Atlantic City ..	Atlantic County Bar Liby..... Room 45 Real Estate & Law Bldg.	Louis A. Repetto.....	
Camden .....	Camden County Bar Asso. Lib..... Court House	John Miers.....	12,000
Elizabeth .....	Bar Asso. Lib..... Court House		2,000
Hackensack ...	County Court Lib..... Court House		1,000
Jersey City ...	Free Public Lib. (Law Dept.).....	Esther E. Burdick.....	(total) 135,673
Newark .....	Essex County Law Lib..... Court House	Silas H. Fitch.....	(law) 7,000 7,100
Newark .....	Municipal Library, ..... City Hall		
Newark .....	Lawyers' Club Liby..... Prudential Bldg. 763 Broad St.	Mrs. J. R. Carter.....	5,100
Newark .....	Prudential Ins. Co. Law Lib..... 763 Broad St.	John R. Carter.....	10,000
Paterson .....	Passaic County Court Lib..... Court House	Mrs. J. P. McDonnell.....	2,890
Trenton .....	State Library .....	H. C. Buchanan, State Libn.....	(total) 85,000
		John D. Faussett, Law Libn.....	(law) 30,000
NEW MEXICO			
Santa Fe .....	State Law Liby.....	Lola C. Armijo..... State Law Libn.	12,000
NEW YORK			
Albany .....	Albany Law School.....	J. N. Fiero, Dean.....	3,000
Albany .....	Appellate Div., 3d Dept..... County Bldg.	John W. McClelland.....	5,500
Albany .....	Court of Appeals Consultation Lib.	R. M. Barber, Clerk.....	
Albany .....	State Law Liby..... Education Bldg.	James I. Wyer, Director..... F. D. Colson, Law Libn.	
Auburn .....	Cayuga Co. Law Lib. Asso.....		
Balston Spa .....	Saratoga County Law Lib..... Court House	Fred Ruback, Under Sheriff.....	2,650
Batavia .....	Genesee Co. Law Lib..... Surrogates Office	Hon. Edward A. Washburn..... County Judge.	2,264
Bath .....	Steuben Co. Law Lib..... Surrogates Office Bldg.	Hon. Monroe Wheeler..... Surrogate.	2,400
Binghamton ...	Broome Co. Surrogate's Liby.....	Hon. Robt. S. Parsons..... Surrogate.	1,500
Binghamton ...	Supreme Court Liby. 6th Dist..... Court House	Mary B. Lee.....	15,000
Brooklyn .....	Appellate Div. Lib. 2nd Dept..... Room 17 Borough Hall.	Herbert A. Briggs..... Confidential Clerk.	5,000
Brooklyn .....	Brooklyn Law School..... Brooklyn Eagle Bldg. 307 Washington St.	W. Payson Richardson, Dean.....	8,000
Brooklyn .....	Law Liby. in Brooklyn..... (Includes 2d Jud. Dist. Lib.)	Otto Wetzel..... W. Burt Cooke, Asst.	37,334
Buffalo .....	Law Liby. 8th Jud. District, ..... 23-25 City & County Hall.	Geo. D. Crofts.....	30,000
Buffalo .....	Univ. of Buffalo Law School Lib..... 935-7 Ellicott Sq. Bldg.	Geo. D. Crofts, Treas.....	4,000
Canton .....	St. Lawrence Co. Law Lib.....	F. L. Gill.....	1,000
Delhi .....	Delaware Supreme Court Lib..... Court House	Mrs. Mary E. Clark.....	8,000
Elmira .....	Chemung County Court Lib.....	T. M. Losie, Surr's. Clk.....	1,400
Elmira .....	Supreme Court Lib. 6th Dist..... Court House Annex	Fannie E. McHenry.....	10,744
Geneseo .....	Livingston Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Wm. D. Shepard..... Surrogate's Clerk.	3,000

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
NEW YORK—Continued.			
Herkimer .....	Herkimer Co. Law Lib.....	James W. Moon, Sheriff.....	2,800
Hudson .....	Columbia County Law Lib.....	Mark Duntz, Co. J.....	2,000
Ithaca .....	Cornell Univ. Law Lib.....	Edward E. Willever.....	44,000
	Boardman Hall		
Kingston .....	Third Judicial Dist. Law Lib.....	George Teller.....	8,000
	Court House		
Little Valley ..	Cattaraugus County Law Lib.....	S. N. Wheaton, Sheriff.....	1,700
	Court House		
Lowville .....	Lewis County Law Lib.....	Milton Carter, Co. J.....	
	Court House		
Lyons .....	Wayne County Law Lib.....	Jeremiah Collins, Sheriff.....	
	Chautauqua County Law Lib.....	Hon. A. B. Ottoway.....	
		Co. J. & Libn.	
Mineola, L. I. ....	Nassau Co. Law Liby.....	Sylvester D. Tuthill.....	1,800
	Court House		
Newburgh .....	Second Judicial Dist. Law Liby.....	N. D. Belknap.....	8,000
	Brewster Bldg., 44 Smith St.		
New City .....	Rockland Co. Law Liby.....	Joseph D. Noyelle.....	1,050
	Court House	Clik. Bd. Super'rs.	
New York City (The) American Law Lib.....	27 Cedar St.	H. L. Butler.....	45,000
New York City App. Div. Lib. First Dept.....	Madison Sq., Madison Av. & 25th	Geo. T. Campbell.....	17,000
	St.		
New York City (The) Asso. of the Bar of the City		Franklin O. Poole.....	93,739
of N. Y. 42 W. 44th St.			
New York City Bar Asso. of Borough of Bronx.....	1187 Washington Av., Bronx.....	W. H. Warner, Ch. Lib. Com.....	1,100
New York City Columbia Univ. Law Lib.....	Kent Hall, W. 116th St.	J. David Thompson, Law Libn....	55,000
	near Amsterdam Av.		
New York City Corporations Counsel's Lib.....	Hall of Records, Chambers St.	James M. Valles.....	9,000
New York City Court of General Sessions Liby.....	Criminal Courts Bldg. 32 Frank	Edward R. Carroll.....	6,000
	lin St.		
New York City Court of Special Sessions Liby.....	Criminal Courts Bldg.	Hon. Howard J. Forker, Chm....	1,500
New York City District Attorney's Office, Crimi-	nal Courts Bldg.	Mrs. Rachel L. Bartlett.....	4,000
New York City Equitable Life Assur. Soc.....	120 Broadway.	T. A. Campbell.....	
	(Destroyed by fire).		
New York City Fidelity & Casualty Bldg. Law Lib.....	39 Broadway.	H. R. Jones, Asst. Secy.....	1,500
New York City Fordham Univ. School of Law.....	140 Nassau St.	Chas. P. Davis, Registrar.....	4,500
New York City Lawyers' Club Liby.....			
New York City (Same as Equitable Life Assur.			
Soc. Liby.)			
New York City Medico-Legal Society Lib.....	32 Nassau St.	Frank T. Lodge, Esq.....	4,000
New York City Mutual Life Ins. Co. Law Lib.....	165 Broadway.	Detroit, Mich.	
New York City N. Y. County Lawyers' Asso.....	Post Office Bldg.	Clark Bell, Secy., 39 Broadway....	25,000
New York City (The) N. Y. Law Institute.....	N. Y. Law School.....	James J. Dillon.....	
New York City 174 Fulton St.		James W. Pryor, Asst. Sec.....	14,000
New York City N. Y. Univ. Law Lib.....	32 Waverley Pl.	Wm. H. Winters.....	76,000
New York City St. Paul Bldg. Law Liby.....	220 Broadway	Arthur Gunther.....	10,200
New York City Supreme Court Lib. 1st Judicial		T. J. Tompkins, Secy.....	23,250
	Dist.	May A. Meyers, Asst. Libn.....	
	County Court House, 51 Cham-	Edward F. Ryan.....	6,330
	bers St.		
New York City U. S. Circuit Ct. of Appeals.....	U. S. Circuit Ct. of Appeals.....	H. E. Griswold.....	12,000
New York City Post-Office Bldg.	Post-Office Bldg.	Wm. Parkin, Clerk.....	2,504
New York City U. S. Express Realty Co. Lawyers'	U. S. Express Realty Co. Lawyers'	L. S. Towson.....	7,000
New York City Liby. 2 Rector St.	Liby. 2 Rector St.		
New York City Vincent Bldg. Law Liby.....	Vincent Bldg. Law Liby.....	Leonora Hansen.....	13,000
New York City Washington Heights Bar. Asso.	302 Broadway.		
New York City Young Men's Hebrew Asso. Law	Young Men's Hebrew Asso. Law	Everett Ireland.....	20,000
New York City Lib. 148 92nd St.	Lib. 148 92nd St.	N. Louise Ruckteshler.....	7,800
Northport .....	Edward Thompson Co. Law Lib....	Hon. Lewis C. Rowe, Co. J.....	
Norwich .....	Follett (David L.) Memorial Lib....	Hon. Geo. F. Andrews, Co. J.....	
Oswego .....	W. Main & Court Sts.	Elizabeth Klausman.....	5,000
Owego .....	Oswego Co. Law Lib.....		
Poughkeepsie .....	Tioga County Law Lib.....		
	Barnard (Joseph F.) Memorial Law		
	Lib. Asso.		

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
NEW YORK—Continued.			
Rochester .....	App. Div. Law Lib. 4th Dept..... Court House	Irwin Taylor.....	36,500
Rochester .....	(The) Powers Law Lib.....	Miss Anna C. MacVean, Libn.....	10,000
Saratoga Spgs.	Fourth Judicial Dist. Law Lib.....	Walter W. Powers, Owner.....	7,500
Syracuse .....	Court of Appeals Law Lib.....	J. G. Salisbury.....	31,200
Syracuse .....	Kirk Liby.....	Geo. N. Cheney.....	3,000
	Kirk Bldg.	Arthur Beebe, Libn.....	3,000
Syracuse .....	Onondaga County Savings Bank Law Lib. Onon. Co. Sav. Bank Bldg.	W. B. Kirk, Est. Owner..... Miss Katherine A. Turner, Libn..... Hon. Chas. E. Stone, Chr.....	3,500
Syracuse .....	Ruger (Wm. C.) Memorial Law Lib. of Syracuse Univ. Law College 403 E. Fayette St.	James B. Brooks, Dean.....	3,500
Troy .....	Supreme Court Law Lib.....	Clara E. Brown.....	3,500
Utica .....	Supreme Court Law Lib. 5th Dist. Court House	Isaac P. Bieleby.....	15,000
Wampsville .....	Madison County Law Lib.....	Hon. Michael H. Keily..... Co. J., Cazenovia, N. Y. B. F. Tomkins (in charge)..... Hon. James E. Norton, Co. J.....	1,650 1,250
Warsaw .....	Wyoming County Law Lib..... Court House	Hon. Geo. W. Reeves, Co. J.....	1,000
Waterloo .....	Law Library .....	Hon. Olin T. Nye.....	
Watertown .....	Jefferson County Law Lib..... Court House	Co. J. & Surr. Edward S. Holden.....	(total) 88,000 (law) 3,100
Watkins .....	Schuyler Co. Law Lib..... Court House		
West Point ....	U. S. Military Academy.....	Wm. A. Woodworth.....	9,000
White Plains .....	Supreme Court Lib..... Court House		

### \*NORTH CAROLINA

Asheville .....	Law Library .....	Dr. Louis R. Wilson.....	(total) 63,000
Chapel Hill ...	Univ. of N. Car. Lib..... N. W. Cor. of Campus		(law) 4,100
Charlotte .....	Charlotte Law Liby..... Law Bldg. S. Tryon St.	L. W. Humphrey, Secy.....	8,000
Durham .....	Trinity College Lib. Law Dept..... Trinity Coll. Campus	J. P. Breedlove.....	(total) 43,000 (law) 2,600
Raleigh .....	State Library .....	Miles O. Sherrill.....	39,000
Raleigh .....	Supreme Court Lib..... Sup. Ct. Bldg.	Maj. R. H. Bradley.....	18,500
Wake Forest .....	Wake Forest College Law Lib.....	J. H. Vernon.....	1,200

\*Also small libraries in every county in office of clerk of Superior Court.

### NORTH DAKOTA

Bismarck .....	State Library .....	Mrs. Nellie L. Call.....	15,000
Fargo .....	Cass Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Seth W. Richardson, Pres.....	2,500
Grand Forks .....	Univ. of N. Dak. Law Lib..... Clifford Bldg.	C. W. Sumner, Univ. Libn..... Mary I. Bowman, Law Libn. (law)	7,500

### OHIO

Akron .....	Akron Law Lib..... Summit Co. Court House	Mrs. Jessie A. Hoover.....	6,000
Cadiz .....	Cadiz Law Lib..... Court House	J. O. McLaughlin.....	1,000
Canton .....	(The) Stark Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House, 4th Floor.	Miss Sarah Crevoisie.....	5,000
Celina .....	Mercer Co. Law Lib.....	Frank V. Short.....	1,000
Cincinnati .....	(The) Cincinnati Law Lib. Asso.....	Edwin Gholson.....	37,000
Cincinnati .....	Cincinnati Law School Lib..... 21 N. 9th Av.	A. F. Adams, Sec.....	12,000
Cincinnati .....	U. S. Circuit Ct. of Appeals..... Lib. 6th Circuit. 328 Government Bldg.	Caroline Clinton Collins.....	19,310
Cincinnati .....	Y. M. C. A. Law Lib.		
Cleveland .....	Baldwin Univ. Law Lib.		
Cleveland .....	Cleveland Law Dept.....	J. M. Crawford, Man. Clk.....	3,000
Cleveland .....	Cleveland Law Lib. Asso.....	Ernest A. Feazel.....	30,000
Cleveland .....	Cuyahoga County Court House		
Cleveland .....	Franklin T. Bachus Law Lib.....	Frances W. Trowbridge.....	10,000
Cleveland .....	Western Reserve Law School Lib..... Adelbert Rood Law School Bldg.	A. C. Brightman, Libn.....	10,200
Columbus .....	Columbus Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Chas. T. Keech.....	10,000

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
OHIO—Continued.			
Columbus .....	Ohio State Univ. Lib..... University Grounds	Miss Olive Jones.....	(total) 115,000
Columbus .....	State Library .....	Univ. Libn.....	(law) 15,000
Columbus .....	Supreme Court Law Lib..... State Capitol	C. B. Galbreath..... Elliott H. Gilkey.....	35,000
Dayton .....	(The) Dayton Law Lib. Asso..... New Court House	Daniel W. Iddings.....	14,500
Fremont .....	Sandusky Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	John B. Stahl, Chr.....	4,300
Greenville .....	Greenville Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Kirk Hoffman, Secy.....	5,000
Lima .....	Allen Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Frank E. Mead (in charge).....	3,000
Lisbon .....	Columbiana Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Harry L. Gray.....	3,000
Mansfield .....	Richland Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Andrew Keith.....	4,370
Marietta .....	Washington Co. Law Lib.....	E. B. Durfee.....	3,000
Marion .....	Marion Co. Law Lib. Asso.....		
Norwalk .....	Huron Co. Law Lib.	Nelson W. Evans.....	1,000
Portsmouth .....	Portsmouth Law Lib..... Turley Bldg.		
Sandusky .....	Erie Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	H. L. Peeke.....	4,000
Sidney .....	Sidney Law Lib..... Court House	Frank J. Dooley.....	3,000
Springfield .....	Springfield Bar & Law Lib. Asso.....	Olie V. Gregory.....	7,051
Steubenville .....	Jefferson Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Joseph B. Doyle.....	4,500
Toledo .....	Toledo Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Mary V. Fisk.....	13,009
Van Wert .....	Van Wert Co. Law Lib..... Court House	S. S. Conn..... Clk. of Courts.	1,500
Wapakoneta .....	Anglalze Co. Law Lib.....		
Wooster .....	Wayne County Law Lib.....	Wayne Hart.....	2,000
Xenia .....	Green Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	C. L. Spencer.....	3,000
Youngstown .....	Mahoning Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Theodore A. Johnson.....	6,000

## OKLAHOMA.

Norman .....	Univ. of Okl. Law Lib.....	G. C. Monnet, Dean.....	1,000
Oklahoma City .....	State Library .....	S. O. Daws.....	(total) 30,000 (law) 15,000
Tahlequah .....	Lawrence Bldg. Cherokee Nat'l Liby.....		

## OREGON

Portland .....	Multnomah Law Lib.....	Fred R. Salway.....	11,000
Salem .....	State Library .....	Edna M. Hawley.....	(documents) 30,000 (law) 23,000

## PENNSYLVANIA

Allentown .....	Lehigh County Law Lib..... Court House	Hon. James L. Schaadt.....	4,000
Beaver .....	Beaver County Bar Asso.....	F. G. Moorehead, Chr.....	4,000
Bellefont .....	Center County Law Lib..... Court House	D. R. Foreman, Prothonotary.....	1,500
Bloomsburg .....	Columbia County Law Lib.....		
Brookville .....	Jefferson County Law Lib..... Court House	W. B. Linville.....	1,500 1,000
Butler .....	Butler County Bar Asso.....	J. W. Hutchinson, Secy.....	
Carlisle .....	Cumberland County Law Lib..... Court House	John D. Faller, Libn..... T. R. Jacobs, Treas.....	7,000
Carlisle .....	Dickinson School of Law Lib.....	Wm. Trickett, Dean.....	10,000
Chambersburg .....	Franklin County Law Lib..... Court House	J. A. Strite.....	3,000
Clarion .....	W. W. Barr Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	S. F. Brush, Sec.....	1,000
Clearfield .....	Clearfield Law Lib.....	W. I. Curley, Ct. Crier.....	2,000
Coudersport .....	Potter County Law Lib..... Court House	A. N. Crandall, Sec.....	
Doylestown .....	Bucks County Law Lib..... Court House	Henry A. James.....	3,000
Easton .....	Northampton County Law Lib..... Court House Bldg.	D. E. Sequine, Libn..... Hon. H. N. Scott, P. J., 3d Dist Pa.	4,000
Ebensburg .....	Cambria County Bar Asso..... Court House	H. H. Myers, Sec.....	2,200

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.			
Erie .....	Erie County Law Lib..... Court House, W. 6th St.	Lewis Avery.....	6,000
Franklin .....	Venango County Law Lib.....	Theodore Clulow.....	1,100
Gettysburg .....	Adams County Law Lib..... Court House	S. S. Neely, Chr.....	1,500
Greensburg .....	Citizens Law Lib..... Court House	Miss Elizabeth Brown.....	4,000
Harrisburg .....	Dauphin County Law Lib..... Court House	D. F. Young.....	7,000
Harrisburg .....	State Library .....	T. L. Montgomery..... (total)	140,000
	Capitol Park.	Norman D. Gray, Asst..... (law)	30,000
Hollidaysburg .....	Blair County Law Lib..... Court House, Alleghany St.	Geo. G. Patterson, Treas.....	3,000
Honesdale .....	Honesdale Law & Lib. Asso..... Court House	Wm. H. Lee, Sec.....	2,500
Huntingdon .....	Huntingdon County Bar Asso..... Court House	H. L. Henderson.....	1,500
Indiana .....	Indiana County Law Asso..... Court House	Harry W. Fee.....	2,700
Kittanning .....	Armstrong County Law Lib.....	J. H. Painter.....	
Lancaster .....	Lancaster County Law Asso.....	Percy Carpenter.....	2,500
Lebanon .....	Lebanon County Law Lib..... Court House	Chas. A. Ebur..... 116 S. 6th St.	1,300
Lewisburg .....	Union County Law Lib..... Court House	Philip B. Linn.....	1,000
Lewistown .....	Mifflin County Bar Asso..... Court House	W. W. Utley, Chr.....	
Lock Haven .....	Clinton County Law Lib..... Court House	Harry S. Furst.....	
Mauch Chunk .....	Carbon County Law Lib.....	F. P. Sharkey, Sec.....	1,300
McConnellsburg .....	Fulton County Law Lib.....	Thos. J. Prather, Judge.....	3,500
Meadville .....	Crawford County Bar Asso..... Court House		
Media .....	Delaware County Law Lib..... Court House	W. Roger Fronefeld.....	2,500
Mercer .....	Mercer County Law Lib. (Ct. House	W. W. Moore, Secy-Treas.....	1,000
Mifflintown .....	Juniata County Bar Asso..... Court House	F. M. M. Pennell.....	
New Bloomfield .....	Perry County Law Lib.....	Geo. W. Kerr.....	
New Castle .....	Lawrence County Law Lib..... Court House	Roy M. Jamison, Treas.....	1,000
Norristown .....	Montgomery Co. Law Lib..... Court House	John S. Jones.....	9,100
Philadelphia .....	Biddle Memorial Law Lib..... 34th & Chestnut Sts.	Mrs. Margaret C. Klingesmith....	50,125
Philadelphia .....	Hirst Free Law Lib..... 901 Drexel Bldg.	Geo. F. Deiser.....	15,000
Philadelphia .....	(The) Law Asso. of Philadelphia.... Room 600 City Hall.	Luther E. Hewitt.....	57,000
Philadelphia .....	N. Y. Mutual Life Ins. Co.....	Chas. P. Sherman.....	4,200
Philadelphia .....	Stephen Girard Bldg. Lib..... 21 S. 12th St.	Anne Lothrop Crawford.....	5,076
Philadelphia .....	Supreme & Superior Cts. Law Lib..... City Hall	Robert Liberton.....	6,000
Philadelphia .....	U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals..... 3d Circuit. Federal Bldg.	Saunders Lewis, Clk.....	2,500
Pittsburg .....	Allegheny County Law Lib..... 732 Court House	Martin F. Cowdery, Libn..... J. Oscar Emrich.....	25,065
Pittsburg .....	Supreme & Superior Court Lib..... Court House	George Pearson, Prothonotary....	5,000
Pottsville .....	Schuylkill Co. Law Lib..... Court House	E. D. Smith, Secy.....	3,500
Reading .....	Berks County Law Lib..... Court House	Elisha Filer, Jr., Libn..... J. R. Mast, Custodian.....	6,000
Ridgeway .....	Elk County Law Lib..... Court House	Fred W. McFarlin, Sec.....	
Scranton .....	Connell Law Lib.....		
Scranton .....	Lackawanna County Law Lib..... Court House	James E. Davis, Secy.....	5,000
Smithport .....	McKean County Law Lib.....		
Somerset .....	Somerset County Law Lib..... Court House	W. H. Rappell, P. J.....	2,000
Stroudsburg .....	Monroe County Law Lib.....	Claude C. Shull.....	
Sunbury .....	Northumberland Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Harry S. Knight, Secy.....	1,200
Towanda .....	Bradford Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Stephen H. Smith, Secy.....	1,000
Uniontown .....	Fayette Co. Law Lib..... Court House	Wm. A. Boring.....	5,000
Warren .....	Warren County Law Lib.....*		1,800

\*Have no librarian. Controlled by a committee of five members of the bar, appointed annually by the judges. (Act May 11, 1901 P. L. 165).

## LAW LIBRARY JOURNAL

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.			
Washington ...	Washington Co. Law Lib. Court House	Miss Alice E. Jones.....	4,000
Waynesburg ...	Waynesburg Law Lib. Court House	F. W. Downey..... Member of Comm'n.	1,100
Wellsboro ....	Tioga County Bar Asso.		
West Chester .....	Chester County Law Lib.	Arthur P. Reid.....	6,500
Wilkes-Barre .....	Wilkes-Barre Law & Lib. Asso. Court House	Don A. Gilbert, Libn.....	9,000
Williamsport .....	Citizens Law Lib. Court House	Elbert A. Porter.....	
Williamsport .....	Lycoming County Law Asso. Court House	Elbert A. Porter.....	3,000
York .....	York County Law Lib. Court House	W. A. Miller, Treas. & Sec.....	8,000
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.			
Manilla .....	State Library		
PORTO RICO			
San Juan .....	Insular Library..... Disputacion Bldg. St. Francisco St.	Manuel Fernandez Juncos..... Louis O'Neill, Jr. (Acting).....	18,500
RHODE ISLAND			
Providence ....	State Law Library..... Court House	Clarence F. Allen..... Box 1904	40,000
Providence ....	State Library..... State House	Herbert G. Brigham.....	34,000
SOUTH CAROLINA			
Columbia .....	State Library.....	Miss L. H. La Borte.....	55,000
Columbia .....	Supreme Court Library..... State House. Gervais St.	Duncan C. Ray..... (text books)	18,000 1,500
Greenville .....	Greenville Law Lib. Asso. Masonic Temple	Wm. G. Sirrine, Sec.	
SOUTH DAKOTA			
Pierre .....	State Library .....	Doane Robinson.....	20,000
Pierre .....	Supreme Court Library..... Capitol Bldg.	James S. Sebree.....	10,000
Vermillion .....	Univ. of South Dakota.....	Mabel Richardson..... Univ. Libn.....	(total) 19,000 (law) 6,000
TENNESSEE			
Chattanooga ...	Chattanooga Bar & Lib. Asso..... Hamilton Nat'l Bank Bldg.	Miss Minerva McClatchey.....	7,125
Memphis .....	Memphis Bar & Law Lib. Asso..... Court House. Adams & Center Sts.	L. P. Collier.....	14,500
Nashville .....	State Library .....	Miss Mary Skeffington.....	(total) 100,000
TEXAS			
Austin .....	Attorney-General's Dept. Lib..... (Capitol Bldg.)		2,500
Austin .....	Court of Civil Appeals Lib.....	R. H. Connerly.....	
Austin .....	Court of Criminal Appeals.....	E. W. Winkler.....	(total) 35,000 (law) 3,000
Austin .....	State Library .....	F. T. Connerly.....	16,000
Austin .....	Supreme Court Library..... Capitol Bldg.	L. K. Smoot (Asst. in charge)....	
Austin .....	Univ. of Texas Law Lib..... Law Bldg.	Nathaniel L. Goodrich.....	(total) 67,000
Dallas .....	Court of Civil Appeals Lib..... Court Room & Consultation Room	Univ. Libn.....	6,000
Fort Worth ...	Court of Civil Appeals Lib..... County Court House	W. B. Cleaves, Law Libn.....	
Galveston ....	Court of Civil Appeals Law Lib....	Geo. W. Blair, Clerk of Ct.....	2,000
San Antonio ...	Court of Civil Appeals Lib.....	J. A. Scott, Clerk.....	3,000
Texarkana ....	Court of Civil Appeals Lib..... City Hall	H. L. Garrett..... Joseph Murray, Clerk..... E. T. Rosborough.....	8,000 1,500 2,100
Tyler .....	Bar Asso. Law Lib.....	Clerk of Court.	

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
UTAH			
Salt Lake City	State Library .....	H. W. Griffith..... Clerk. Sup. Ct. & State Libn.	14,000
VERMONT			
Montpelier ....	State Library .....	Geo. W. Wing..... E. Lee Whitney, Asst. Libn.....	65,000
VIRGINIA			
Charlottesville ..	Univ. of Va. Law Lib..... Law Bldg.	Ira S. Flosy.....	11,000
Lexington ....	Vincent L. Bradford Law Lib. of Washington & Lee University.	Joseph R. Long, Prof..... H. B. Goodloe, Student Libn.....	5,500
Norfolk .....	Law Lib .....	R. W. Carrington, Secy.....	
Richmond .....	Richmond Bar Asso..... City Hall	R. W. Scott..... U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, 4th Circuit.	1,000 20,000
Richmond .....	Richmond College Lib..... State Law Lib.....	Claude M. Dean.....	
Richmond .....	Supreme Court of Appeals Lib.... Masonic Temple	R. W. May.....	2,000
Staunton .....	Supreme Court Law Lib..... Court House	J. J. A. Powell.....	5,000
WASHINGTON			
Bellingham ...	Whatcom County Bar Asso.....	C. Will Shaffer.....	32,000
Olympia .....	State Law Liby..... Capitol Bldg.	J. T. Condon, Dean.....	9,000
WEST VIRGINIA			
Charlestown ...	State Law Lib.....	Miss Hall.....	3,000
Charlestown .....	Asso. of Jefferson Law Lib.	Katherine C. Hedrick.....(law)	5,050
Morgantown .....	W. Va. Univ. Law Lib.....	Law Libn..... C. A. Kreps, Treas.....	
Parkersburg .....	Wood Co. Law Lib. Asso..... Guaranty Bldg.	R. B. Merchant, Custodian.....	1,500
Wheeling .....	Ohio County Law Lib.....	George Oldham, Clerk.....	1,200
WISCONSIN			
Madison .....	State Library .....	Gilson G. Glasier.....	55,000
Madison .....	Capitol Bldg.	Mrs. Sophia M. Briggs.....	18,600
Marinette .....	Univ. of Wis. Law Lib..... Law Bldg.	Circuit Court Clerk.....	1,500
Milwaukee .....	Marinette County Law Lib..... Court House	Chas E. Estabrook.....	4,600
Milwaukee .....	Estabrook Law Lib..... Majestic Bldg.	Wm. W. Wight.....	12,750
Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee Law Lib. Asso..... 1020-32 Wells Bldg.		
WYOMING			
Cheyenne .....	State Library .....	Mrs. Clara W. Bond.....(total) Capitol Bldg.	86,000 (law) 25,000
LAW LIBRARIES IN CANADA			
ALBERTA			
Calgary .....	Calgary Law Library.....	D. McColl Hardy.....	3,859
Edmonton .....	Dept. of Attorney-General.....	S. B. Woods.....	
Edmonton .....	Edmonton Law Liby.....	H. C. Deeton.....	10,000
Edmonton .....	Legislative Library.....		
Lethbridge .....	Law Society of Alberta.....	W. H. Irwin.....	1,404
Macleod .....	Law Society of Alberta..... Court House	John L. Fawcett.....	5,000
Medicine Hat .....	Law Society of Alberta.....	D. G. White.....	
Red Deer .....	Law Society of Alberta.....	Geo. W. Greene.....	
Wetaskiwin .....	Law Society of Alberta.....		

City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
BRITISH COLUMBIA			
Cranbrook .....	Law Society of British Columbia (Branch)		
Fernie .....	Law Society of British Columbia (Branch)		
Kamloops .....	Law Society of British Columbia (Branch)		
Nelson .....	Law Society of British Columbia (Branch)		
New W'tminst'r	Law Society of British Columbia		
Vancouver .....	Law Society of British Columbia (Branch)		
Victoria .....	Attorney-General Dept. Liby.....	H. A. Maclean.....	3,000
Victoria .....	Law Society of British Columbia	Oscar Chapman Bass, Gen. Libn..	
Victoria .....	Provincial Library ..... Parliament Bldgs.	E. O. S. Scholefield.....	(total) 50,000 (law) 12,500
MANITOBA			
Brandon .....	Law Society of Manitoba (Branch) Court House	T. D. Cumberland..... Co. Ct. Judge.	1,500
Minnedosa .....	Law Society of Manitoba (Branch) Court House		
Morden .....	Law Society of Manitoba (Branch) Court House	Alex. McLeod.....	
P'te-la-Prairie	Law Society of Manitoba (Branch) Court House		
Winnipeg .....	Attorney-General Dept. Liby.....	Geo. Patterson, K. C.....	1,630
Winnipeg .....	Judges' Library .....	W. A. Taylor.....	25,000
Winnipeg .....	Law Society of Manitoba.....	J. P. Robertson.....	(total) 30,000 (law) 1,500
NEW BRUNSWICK			
Fredericton ...	Barristers Society of New Brunswick	Thomas Carlton Allen..... K. C. D. C. L.	6,500
Fredericton ...	Dept. of Attorney-General		
St. John .....	Law Society of New Brunswick....	Care of D. C. Mullin, K. C.....	
NEWFOUNDLAND			
St. John's .....	Dept. of Attorney-General		
St. John's .....	Newfoundland Law Liby.....	D. M. Browning, K. C.....	4,000
NOVA SCOTIA			
Halifax .....	Barristers' Society of Nova Scotia 2 Spring Garden Road	J. L. Barnhill.....	11,500
Halifax .....	Dalhousie Law School.....	R. C. Weldon, Dean.....	
Halifax .....	Dept. of Attorney-General.....	Stuart Jenks.....	
Halifax .....	Legislative Library ..... Hollis St.	Annie F. Donohue.....	18,000
Sydney .....	Cape Breton Barristers' Asso.....	Wilfred Hearn..... Wm. A. G. Hill, Secy.....	2,000
ONTARIO			
Barrie .....	The County of Simcoe Law Lib..... Court House	Caroline Beardsley.....	1,000
Belleville .....	Hastings County Law Lib.....	Miss Lillian R. McRae.....	2,500
Berlin .....	Waterloo County Law Asso.....	E. W. Clement.....	4,000
Brantford .....	Brant Law Lib.....	Miss F. G. Biscoe.....	2,000
Brockville .....	Leeds & Grenville Law Asso.....	H. A. Stewart.....	1,000
Chatham .....	County Kent Law Asso.....		
Cornwall .....	Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry..... Law Asso.	J. G. Harkness, Secy..... John Ridley, Libn.....	1,600
Goderich .....	Huron County Law Asso.....	D. McDonald.....	1,800
Guelph .....	Wellington Law Asso..... Court House, P. O. Box 216.	Miss Edith F. Chisholm.....	1,500
Hamilton .....	Hamilton Law Asso..... Court House	Miss M. E. MacKay.....	4,922
Kenora .....	Rainy River Law Asso.....	P. E. Mackenzie.....	
Kingston .....	Frontenac Law Lib..... Court House	T. Milne Asselstine..... Secy. & Treas.	3,000
London .....	Middlesex Law Asso..... Court House	Miss M. P. B. Symmonds.....	4,600
Ottawa .....	County of Carleton Law Asso..... 14 Blackburn Av.	Miss Isabelle Kealy.....	3,300

## LIST OF LAW LIBRARIES

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City	Name of Lib'y and Address	Librarian	No. of Vols.
ONTARIO—Continued.			
Ottawa .....	Dept. of Justice.....	Francis H. Gisborne.....	8,000
Ottawa .....	Dept. of Privy Council.....		
Ottawa .....	Dept. of Public Works.....		
Ottawa .....	Dept. of State .....	Henri Roy.....	30,000
Ottawa .....	Government Stationery Office.....	F. Gouldthrite.....	
Ottawa .....	Library of Parliament..... behind Parliament Block.	M. J. Griffin, L. L. D.....(total) 400,000 C. M. G., Parlia. Libn.....(law) 6,000 A. D. DeCelles, L. L. D. C. M. G. Gen. Libn.	
Ottawa .....	Supreme Court Judges' Library.....		
Ottawa .....	Supreme Court of Canada..... Supreme Court Bldg.	H. H. Bligh, K. C.....	38,500
Owen Sound ...	County of Grey Law Library....	Judge Widdifield, Pres.....	3,000
Peterborough ..	Peterborough Law Asso..... Court House, 375 Water St.	E. L. Goodwill.....	8,000
Port Arthur ...	Thunder Bay Law Asso.....		
Sarnia .....	Lambton Law Asso..... 283 Christina St. N.	John Reeve, Secy..... James Meek, Libn..... Alex. Saunders..... Local Registrar.	
Simcoe .....	Norfolk Law Asso.....	Jonathan Porter, Secy.....	1,200
Stratford .....	Perth Law Liby.....	Miss Louise Sanderson..... Secy. & Treas.	3,500
St. Thomas ...	County Elgin Law Liby.....	Miss C. R. Van Buskirk.....	2,050
Toronto .....	Chancery Judges Liby..... Osgoode Hall, West Wing.	Geo. M. Lee, Registrar.....	2,137
Toronto .....	County of York Law Asso..... Court House & City Hall	Miss Ada M. Reid.....	5,800
Toronto .....	Dept. of Attorney-General.....		
Toronto .....	Dept. of Insurance.....		
Toronto .....	Dept. of Provincial Secretary.....		
Toronto .....	Judges Library, Court of Appeals..... Osgoode Hall	E. Oliver.....	5,000
Toronto .....	Law Society of Upper Canada..... Osgoode Hall, Queen St. W.	Wm. George Eakins.....	42,455
Toronto .....	Legislative Library of Ontario.....	Avern Pardoe.....	60,000
Toronto .....	University of Toronto Library..... Queen's Park	H. H. Langton, M. A.....(total) 165,000 G. H. Needler.....(law) 1,100 Acting Libn.....(law Pam.) 10,000	
Walkerton ....	Bruce Law Lib. Asso..... Court House	Thomas Dixon..... Secy. & Treas.	1,000
Welland .....	Welland Law Liby.....	W. V. Smith.....	1,000
Whitby .....	Ontario Co. Law Liby.....	Miss Mary W. Ray.....	2,000
Windsor .....	Essex Law Asso..... Davis Blk. Sandwich St. E.	A. Phi E. Panet.....	5,000
Woodstock ....	Oxford Law Asso..... Court House	J. H. Nellis, Secy..... Emily Ball, Libn.	2,300

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Charlottetown .....	Law Society of Prince Edward Is- land.	Alex. G. Bremner.....	3,000
Charlottetown .....	Legislative Dodd Library.....	William H. Crosskill.....	14,000

## QUEBEC

Arthabaska ....	Arthabaska Bar Liby.....	Wilfred Saliberts.....	1,000
Hull .....	Bar Library .....	E. Lafontaine.....	(total) 130,000 (law) 5,000
Montreal .....	Laval University .....		
Montreal .....	McGill University Liby.....	Chas. Henry Gould.....(total) 140,000 Univ. Libn.....(law) 12,000	
Montreal .....	Montreal Bar Library.....	Arthur deLisle.....	24,000
Quebec .....	Dept. of Attorney-General.....	Chas. Lanctot, K. C.....	
Quebec .....	Library of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec..... Grande Allée.	N. E. Dionne.....	(total) 80,000 (law) 12,000
Quebec .....	Quebec Bar Liby, Dist. of Quebec..... 12 St. Louis St.	A. A. Rheaume.....	8,500
Sherbrooke ....	Advocates' Liby. .... Court House	Miss Irene Camirand, Libn..... T. S. Rugg, Treas.	2,700
Sweetsburg ....	Bedford Bar Liby.....	W. K. McKeown.....	8,000

## SASKATCHEWAN

Arcola .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	W. D. Ebbels, Treas.....	
Battleford .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	D. Langfield, Treas.....	
Moosejaw .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	I. A. Munro, Treas.....	2,000
Moosomin .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	G. A. Walker, Treas.....	2,000
Prince Albert .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	Thomas Murray, Treas.	
Regina .....	Attorney-General's Dept. Liby.....	Frank Ford.....	2,000
Regina .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	C. H. Bell, Sec.-Treas. P. McAra, Libn.	
Saskatoon .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	G. W. Fawcett, Libn.....	
Yorkton .....	Law Society of Saskatchewan.....	Wm. Simpson, Local Libn.	

## LIBRARY SCHOOL TRAINING FOR LAW LIBRARY EMPLOYEES.

BY JOHN BOYNTON KAISER.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

The justification for my presenting to an international gathering of law librarians something on the subject of library school training for law library employes I have found in the President's introduction to the program of the general conference. She tells us:

"A program's 'prosperity lies in the ear of him that hears it,' never in the pen of him that makes it. Still more surely does a program prosper by the tongue of him that discusses it."

This last I would make the more emphatic.

The object of this brief paper is to afford you something tangible and definite to consider—to discuss, to criticise, and, finally, to revamp, if necessary, until a concensus of opinion may be reached in which all shall have a confident share.

The increasing demand for technically trained library workers in all types of libraries is a definite and sufficient answer to any inquiry into the value and worth of library school training. Other evidence is available, if desired, in the testimony of the most successful graduates and in the fact that as the library schools now in operation in the United States cannot accommodate the numbers asking for admission other schools are being planned and many of our universities already offer summer school courses in library training.

Granting, then, the value of this training, the question arises, is it a proper function of the library school to endeavor specially to train students for work in specialized libraries, in this instance Law Libraries?

My answer is not "Yes" categorically, but "Yes" conditionally. It is: Some library school, or, possibly, schools, having experienced instructors and abundant facilities for actual practice at hand should provide an elective, thorough course of study aiming to prepare students for work in law libraries. Further, most library schools should provide a few lectures covering the general work of law libraries, but leaving the thorough course to one or two schools well prepared to go into details.

Granting, then, the value of this training and its appropriateness under certain conditions, the next question is: In what should this training consist?

My answer appears in the following outline based on lectures by Mr. Colson before the New York State Library School in 1910. The outline includes, however, additional topics to those then discussed and two sections, Nos. 1 and 3(a) which did not appear in the original printing of a more extended outline in the *Library Journal* for April, 1912.

## SUGGESTED LIBRARY SCHOOL COURSE IN LAW LIBRARY WORK.

The course would be optional. Topics under "2. Kinds of Material" emphasized for students with previous library training, but little legal knowledge; topics under "3. Handling of Material" emphasized for those with legal knowledge but lacking library training.

The course could be of any length and adapted to local conditions and

## LIBRARY SCHOOL TRAINING FOR LAW LIBRARY EMPLOYES 53

facilities for practice work and experience in applying principles, knowledge and methods.

### *Condensed Outline.*

#### 1. GENERAL.

(a) Need; Law books a lawyer's tools. (b) Types of law libraries; State, court, association, school, private. (c) Types of problems.

#### 2. KINDS OF MATERIAL.

(a) *Court reports and aids*: 1. Decisions; official regular series, unofficial private series, selected decisions. 2. Aids to court reports; digests, citation books, tables of cases, etc.

(b) *Statute law and constitutions*: Constitutional convention proceedings, annotated constitutions, treaties, slip laws, session laws, statutes at large, compiled statutes, revised statutes and codes for Nation and State.

(c) *Text-books and analogous publications*: 1. Text-books,—one topic, encyclopedias, local. 2. Analogous material,—dictionaries, directories.

(d) *Periodicals, society proceedings*: Regular legal periodicals, political science journals, bar associations, political science associations, indexes to legal periodicals.

(e) *Legislative documents, journals, bills*: National, state, local.

(f) *Legal miscellany*: Law Library Journal, American Association of Law Library proceedings, biography, trials, legal bibliography, etc.

#### 3. HANDLING OF MATERIAL.

(a) *Acquisition*: 1. Purchase; dealers' trade catalogues and trade bibliographies, subject bibliographies and law library catalogues. 2. Exchange, especially state reports. 3. Gift, especially government documents.

(b) *Classification*; arguments for and against; systems; actual practice.

(c) *Shelf-arrangement*: details of arranging material in division 2, above.

(d) *Cataloguing*.

(e) *Loans*.

(f) *Method of citing law books and sources of information for interpreting legal abbreviations*.

#### 4. LEGAL WORKS SUITABLE FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Following the detailed outline of the above found in the *Library Journal* (April, 1912, p. 175-179) is given a suggested outline for courses in legislative and municipal reference work which assume the student has had the above outlined course.

"*Brief making and the Use of Law Books*," Ed. 2 by Cooley, 1909, is suggested as a text for part of this course. The question least settled in the mind of the writer is: What knowledge of legal words and phrases, and, what knowledge of legal principles and actual law may appropriately be given in this library school course to students having no previous knowledge of such subjects.

\*Prepared for the Ottawa, Canada, Conference of the American Association of Law Libraries, June 26-July 2, 1912, by John Boynton Kaiser, the University of Illinois Library. The speaker's *Law, Legislative Reference and Municipal Reference Libraries: An Introductory Manual*, to be published this winter (Boston Book Co.) will be designed in part as a text book for library schools giving such a course as is partially outlined above.

*WHY NOT HAVE*  
**ADJUSTABLE STEEL RACKS**  
*IN YOUR LIBRARY?*



Above cut shows one of the rooms of the American Law Library in the Eighty Maiden Lane Building, fitted with Durand Steel Racks. They have no frills, but are strong, neatly constructed and finely finished in baked-on enamels. Cost no more than good wooden racks.

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**Durand Steel Locker Company**

76 West Monroe St.  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

133 Nassau Street  
NEW YORK CITY